



## **Operation Manual**

# **HP 70205A and HP 70206A GRAPHICS DISPLAY**

### **SERIAL NUMBERS**

**This manual applies directly to HP 70205A and HP 70206A graphics display with serial numbers prefixed 2731A and below.**

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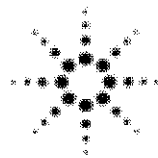
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## Safety Symbols

The following safety symbols are used throughout this manual. Familiarize yourself with each of the symbols and its meaning before operating this instrument.

---

### Caution



The CAUTION sign denotes a hazard. It calls attention to a procedure which, if not correctly performed or adhered to, could result in damage to or destruction of the instrument. Do not proceed beyond a CAUTION sign until the indicated conditions are fully understood and met.

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### Warning



The WARNING sign denotes a hazard. It calls attention to a procedure which, if not correctly performed or adhered to, could result in injury or loss of life. Do not proceed beyond a WARNING sign until the indicated conditions are fully understood and met.

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## General Safety Considerations

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### Warning



**BEFORE THIS INSTRUMENT IS SWITCHED ON**, make sure it has been properly grounded through the protective conductor of the ac power cable to a socket outlet provided with protective earth contact. Any interruption of the protective (grounding) conductor, inside or outside the instrument, or disconnection of the protective earth terminal can result in personal injury.

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### Warning



There are voltages at many points in the instrument which can, if contacted, cause personal injury. Be extremely careful. Any adjustments or service procedures that require operation of the instrument with protective covers removed should be performed only by trained service personnel.

---

### Caution



**BEFORE THIS INSTRUMENT IS SWITCHED ON**, make sure its primary power circuitry has been adapted to the voltage of the ac power source. Failure to set the ac power input to the correct voltage could cause damage to the instrument when the ac power cable is plugged in.

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# HP 70000 Modular Measurement System Documentation Outline

Instruments and modules of the HP 70000 Modular Measurement System are documented to varying levels of detail. Modules that serve as masters of an instrument require operation information in addition to installation and verification instructions. Modules that function as slaves in a system require only a subset of installation and verification information.

## Manuals Supplied with Module

### Installation and Verification Manual

Topics covered by this manual include installation, specifications, verification of module operation, and some troubleshooting techniques. Manuals for modules that serve as instrument masters will supply information in all these areas; manuals for slave modules will contain only information needed for slave module installation and verification. Master module documentation may also include some system-level information.

### Operation Manual

Operation Manuals usually pertain to multiple- and single-module instrument systems. Topics include preparation for module use, module functions, and softkey definitions.

### Programming Manual

Programming Manuals also pertain to multiple- and single-module instrument systems. Programming Manual topics include programming fundamentals and definitions for remote programming commands.

## Service Manual, Available Separately

This manual provides service information for a module, including module verification tests, adjustments, troubleshooting, replaceable parts lists, and replacement procedures. For ordering information, contact a Hewlett-Packard Sales and Service Office. This manual is not always immediately available for new products. (NOTE: Some earlier service manuals are titled *Technical Reference*.)

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## Display Overview

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### Introduction

This chapter covers the operation and capabilities of the HP 70205A Graphics Display and the HP 70206A System Graphics Display.

An HP 70000 Series measuring instrument consists of a mainframe and a set of modules (for example, a spectrum analyzer composed of a local oscillator, an IF section, and an RF section). However, such an instrument has neither a keyboard nor a display (CRT): the measuring instrument itself is separate from the display. An HP 70000 Series display is an essential part of a manually operated system and a powerful addition to a remotely operated system.

A display provides such capabilities as:

- A screen for one or several instruments to write on.
- A keyboard to control one instrument at a time.
- System-wide error reporting.
- Hardcopy output capability without the need for an external controller.

For a more complete description of the display features, see Chapter 2, "Softkey Reference."

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### Front-Panel Concept

The graphics displays serve as the "front panel" for instruments in the HP 70000 Modular Measurement System. It is possible to use one display with multiple measurement systems, one display for a single system, or even multiple displays for the same system.

The compact HP 70205A Graphics Display and the larger HP 70206A System Graphics Display each have one display with 14 unlabeled menu keys next to it. See Figure 1-3. These keys are labeled on the screen by whichever instrument owns the keyboard. Menu keys are used for all manual instrument-control functions.

## Notation Conventions

Throughout this manual, menu-key labels are denoted as **TEXT**. Fixed-label keys are denoted as **TEXT**. Fixed-label keys on the HP 70205A differ slightly from fixed-label keys on the larger HP 70206A. For example, on the HP 70206A the display key is denoted by **DISPLAY**, while on the HP 70205A the same key is abbreviated **DSP**. The key functions are identical, but the HP 70206A key labels (unless noted otherwise) are used throughout this operating manual.

## Fixed-label Keys:

For data entry, each display has a single knob and 15 labeled keys (0 through 9, decimal point, minus sign, back-space, step-up, and step-down). In most cases, data can be entered with either the numeric keypad (0—9), the display knob, or the step keys. In addition there are seven other keys (five on the HP 70205A):

- I/P** (Instrument Preset) When an instrument (such as the spectrum analyzer) owns the keyboard, pressing **I/P** will cause that instrument to preset many of its own operating parameters. This returns the instrument menu to the screen if the Display menu is in use, but does *not* affect operation of the display.
- USER** (**USR** on the HP 70205A) This key brings up the 14 menu keys most commonly needed by the user for instrument control. These keys are also available under the **MENU** key, although more than one keystroke is required to reach them. For more information on the **USER** key, including instructions for modifying the **USER** keys, refer to the operation manual for the master module in your system.
- MENU** (**MNU** on the HP 70205A) This key brings up a more general menu of menu keys for instrument control. This provides access to all menu keys for the instrument you are currently using. For most operations, this key accesses more functions than the **USER** key, but is less convenient. For more information, refer to the operation manual for the master module in your system.
- DISPLAY** (**DSP** on the HP 70205A) This key calls up a set of menu keys used to control the operations of the display itself. For more information about the individual menu keys under **DISPLAY** key, refer to Chapter 2, "Softkey Reference."
- LOCAL** (**LCL** on the HP 70205A) This key returns all modules in the system to local control from HP-IB remote.
- PRINT** (HP 70206A Only) This key starts a raster print output of the present display screen over HP-IB (the same as the **PRINT** menu key).

**PLOT**

(HP 70206A Only) This key starts a vector plot output of the present display screen over HP-IB (the same as the **PLOT** menu key).

A section in this chapter entitled "Display Capabilities" gives some examples of how to use the different menu key levels found under the **DISPLAY** key.

## HP 70205A Graphics Display

The graphics display is a 3/8-width module with 5-inch raster display screen which provides the human interface and manual control capability of the HP 70000 Modular Measurement System. It displays instrument status and measurement output, and it has graphics, trace, text, and marker capability. Controls include 14 user-definable menu keys, 10 data keys (numbered 0 through 9), 10 control keys, and a control knob. Instrument control is accomplished using menu keys to establish an interactive front-panel for your instrument.

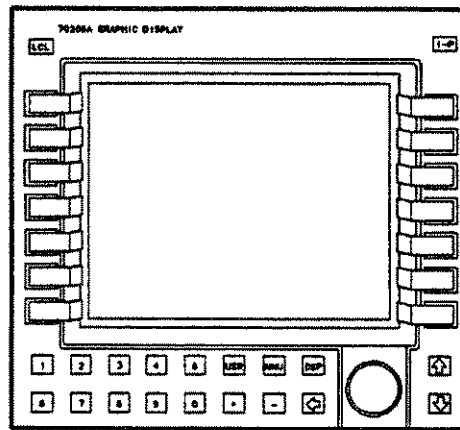


Figure 1-1. HP 70205A Graphics Display

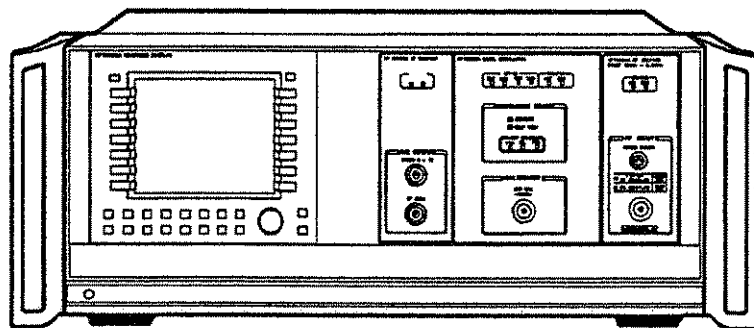


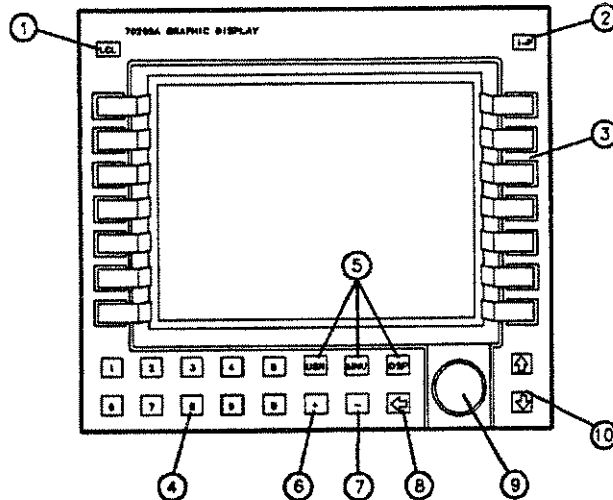
Figure 1-2.

HP 71100A Spectrum Analyzer Including HP 70205A Graphics Display

There are 14 menu keys, 7 on each side of the CRT display. Three keys (**USR**, **MNU**, and **DSP**), are located underneath the CRT, each providing access to a different set of menu keys. Pressing any one of these keys brings up a menu of menu keys on the screen. Some of



these menu keys provide further access to other menus. If the display is used as a stand-alone display, the **USER** and **MENU** keys will *not* bring up a menu or menu keys.



**Figure 1-3. HP 70205A Graphics Display**

1. **LCL** This key returns the instrument from HP-IB remote to local control.
2. **I/P** This key activates all the preset conditions of the instrument presently controlled by the keyboard.
3. **Menu Keys** These keys are used for most instrument and system control operations.
4. **Numeric Keypad (0 through 9)** This keypad enters numeric values.
5. **USR**, **MNU**, **DSP** keys, These keys are used to access three different top-level menu key menus.
6. **.** This key enters a decimal point.
7. **-** This key is used for entering negative numbers.
8. **←** This key is used to move from a lower level of menu keys to the next higher level. It is also used in data entry to move the cursor.
9. **Display Knob** This knob is used to change parameter values and to select alpha characters.
10. **↑** **↓** These two keys are used to change parameters up or down.

## HP 70206A System Graphics Display

The system graphics display is a stand-alone, large, easy-to-read screen display for the HP 70000 Modular Measurement System. It has a 9-inch raster CRT, System II frame and is stack-compatible with the HP 70001A Mainframe and other System II instruments. It supplies the same display and manual control capability as the HP 70205A Graphics Display.

The primary advantages of the HP 70206A are its large display size and the fact that when it is used in place of the HP 70205A, three-eighths of the mainframe capacity is released for use by other modules.

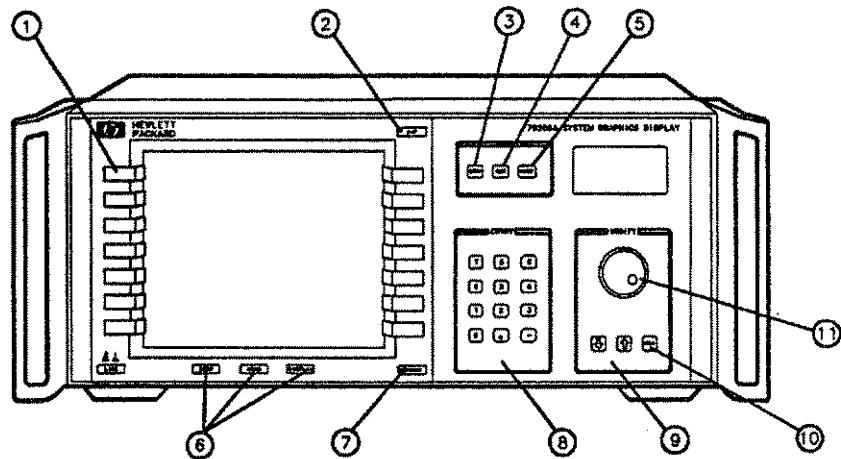




Figure 1-4. HP 70206A System Graphics Display

1. **Menu Keys** These keys are used for most instrument and system control operations.
2. **I/P** This key activates all the preset conditions of the instrument presently controlled by the keyboard.
3. **LOCAL** This key returns the instrument from HP-IB remote control to local control.
4. **PLOT** This key starts a vector plot output of the present display screen over HP-IB (the same as the PLOT menu key).
5. **PRINT** This key starts a raster print output of the present display screen over HP-IB (the same as the PRINT menu key).
6. **USER** **MENU** **DISPLAY** These keys call the top level menu key menus to the screen.
7. **←** This key is used to move from a lower level of menu keys to the next higher level. It is also used in text entry to move the cursor.

8. **Numeric Keypad** This keypad enters numeric values.
9.   These two keys are used to change parameters up or down.
10. **HOLD** This key deactivates the function displayed in the active function area; the readout is blanked from the screen.
11. **Display Knob** This knob is used to change parameter values, and to select alpha characters.

## Display Capabilities

The following section is a brief overview of what the HP 70205A and HP 70206A graphics displays can do. The display's capabilities are discussed in detail in Chapter 2, "Softkey Reference."

The display serves as the central user interface for all instruments on the HP 70000 Series instrument bus, HP-MSIB (Hewlett-Packard Modular System Interface Bus). It provides a screen on which the instruments write information and a keyboard used for manual instrument control.

To manually operate a single spectrum analyzer, the display can be used as a conventional keyboard and screen.

To achieve the display in Figure 1-5:

1. Press the **DISPLAY** key.
2. Press the **SELECT INSTR** key.
3. Press the **MENU** key.

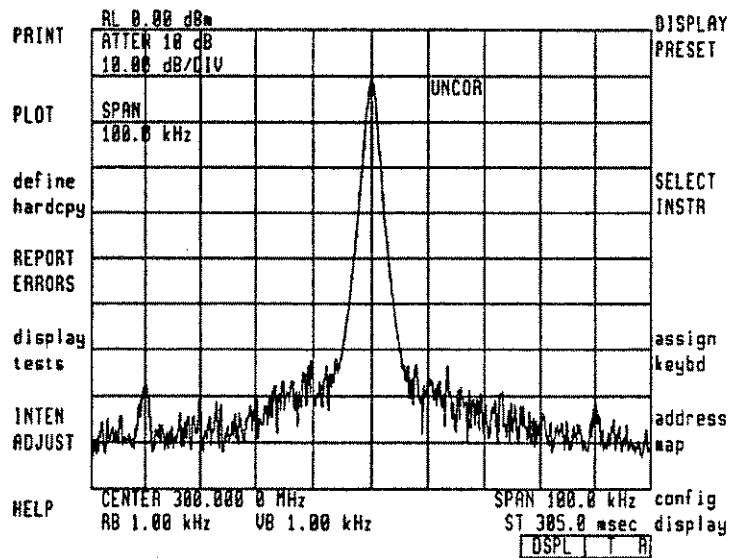


Figure 1-5. Display Capabilities

## Select Instrument

**SELECT INSTR** establishes contact between the display and the instruments currently configured in the HP 70000 system. For more information, see the **SELECT INSTR** menu key description in Chapter 2.

To achieve the display in Figure 1-6:

1. Press the **DISPLAY** key.
2. Press the **SELECT INSTR** key.

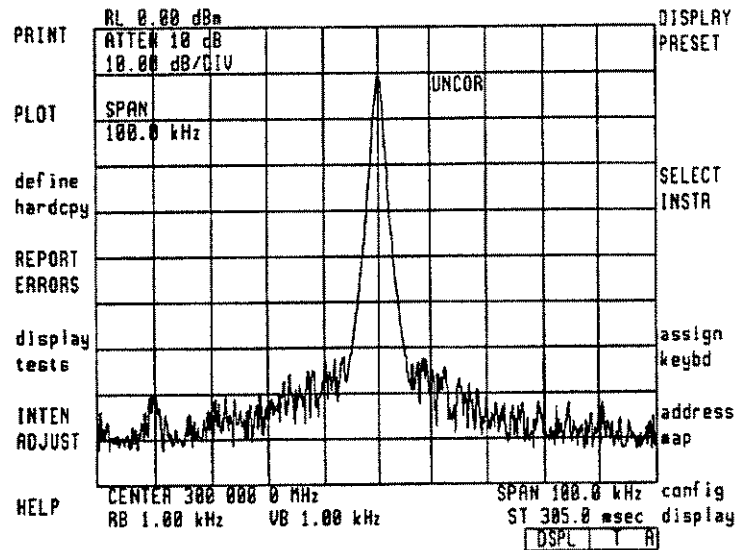


Figure 1-6. Select Instrument

## Hardcopy Outputs

The display helps the user obtain hardcopy output without the need of an external controller. For more information, see the menu key descriptions in Chapter 2 for PRINT, PLOT, and define hardcopy.

To achieve the display in Figure 1-7:

1. Press the DISPLAY key.
2. Press the define hardcopy key.

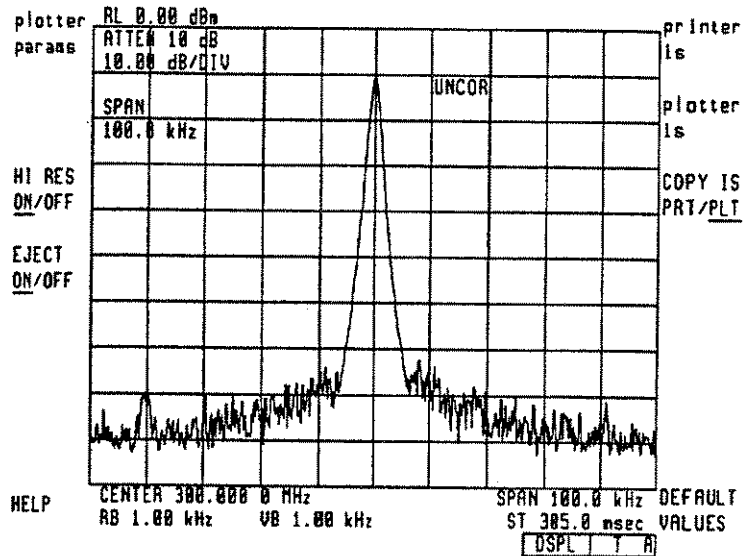


Figure 1-7. Print, Plot Capabilities

## Multiple Instrument Output Capabilities

The display allows users to view output from multiple instruments simultaneously. See the config display menu key description in Chapter 2 for further instructions.

To achieve the display in Figure 1-8:

1. Press the DISPLAY key.
2. Press the config display key.
3. Press the build windows key.
4. Press the BUILD 2 WINDOWS key.
5. Use assign window. Refer to Chapter 2 for a description of the assign window key.

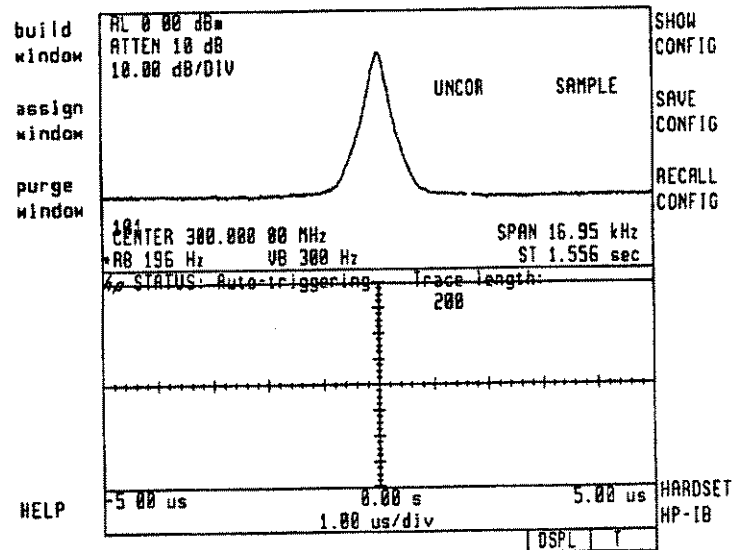


Figure 1-8. Multiple Instrument Output Capabilities

## HP-IB, HP-MSIB Addressing

By means of the display, users can examine the addresses of modules on HP-IB and HP-MSIB and can change the HP-IB addresses of certain modules. (See the address map menu key description in Chapter 2 for instructions and a description of the HP-MSIB addressing scheme).

To achieve the display in Figure 1-9:

1. Press the **DISPLAY** key.
2. Press the address map key.

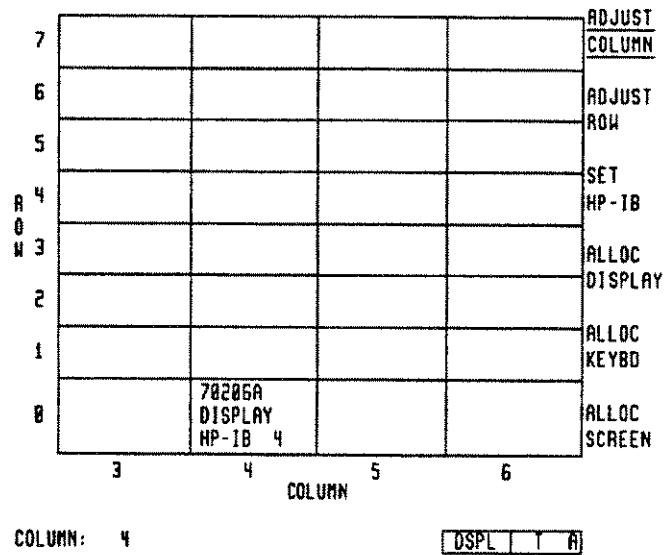


Figure 1-9. HP-IB, HP-MSIB Addressing



## Reporting Errors

The display reports any errors detected on HP-MSIB to the user.  
(See the **REPORT ERRORS** menu key description in Chapter 2 for more information.)

To achieve the display in Figure 1-10:

1. Press the **DISPLAY** key.
2. Press the **REPORT ERRORS** key.

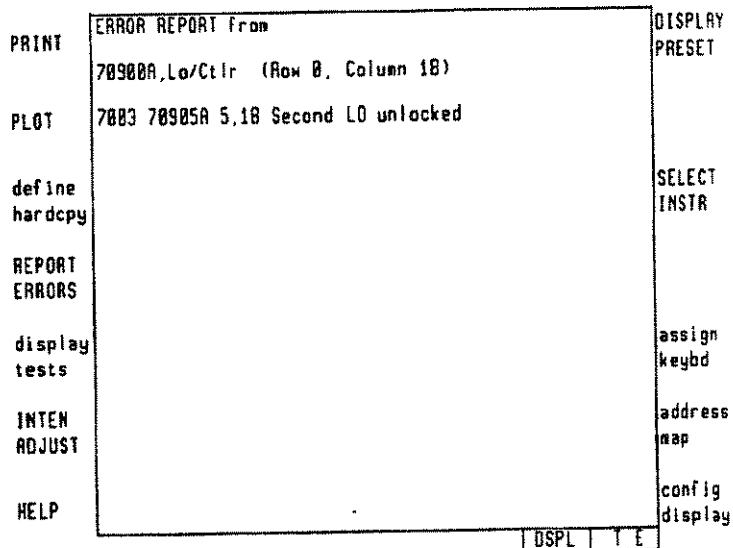


Figure 1-10. Report Errors

## Help Screens

The display explains its own operation with information available under the various **HELP** menu keys.

To achieve the configuration in Figures 1-11 and 1-12:

1. Press the **DISPLAY** key.
2. Press the **HELP** menu key.

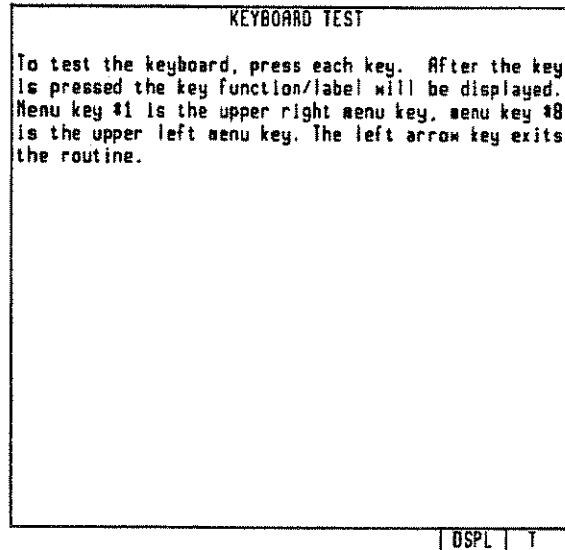


Figure 1-11. Help Screen: Page One

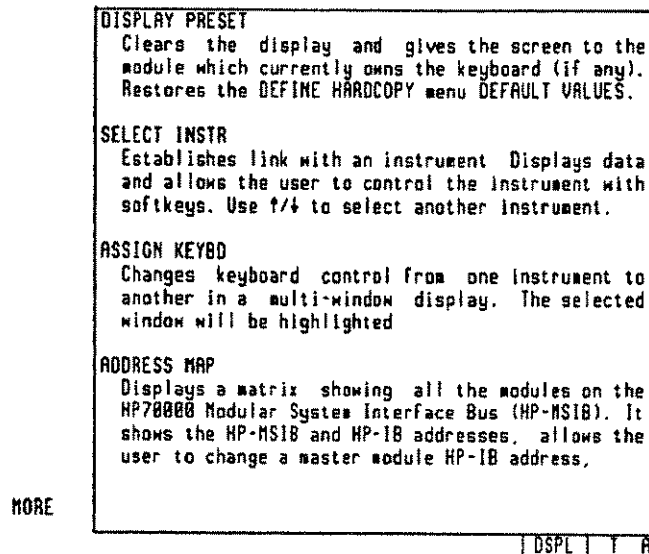


Figure 1-12. Help Screen: Page Two

## Softkey Reference

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### How to Use this Chapter

This chapter describes in detail the manual operation of the HP 70205A and HP 70206A graphics displays. All manually-available functions are accessed through keys by pressing the **DISPLAY** key. Note that the HP 70206A also makes the **PRINT** and **PLOT** functions available on keys. This chapter contains the following information:

### Softkey Index

Table 2-1 lists the menu keys alphabetically, gives the keystrokes to access them, and tells where to find more information.

### Menu Tree Map

Figure 2-2 shows a graphical representation of the display's menu keys.

### Softkey Functions

All menu keys are described in detail, including examples and sample outputs.

**Table 2-1. Softkey Index, Alphabetical Order**

Key	Description	Path			Page
address map	Activates the address-map menu.	address map			2-14
ADJUST COLUMN	Horizontally adjusts the position of a highlighted box/window on the address map/display.	address map.	ADJUST COLUMN		2-18
ADJUST ROW	Vertically adjusts the position of a highlighted box/window on the address map/display	address map.	ADJUSTS ROW		2-18
ALLOC DISPLAY	Establishes contact between the screen and keyboard, and a specific module.	address map	ALLOC DISPLAY		2-21
ALLOC KEYBD	Establishes contact between the keyboard and a specific module.	address map	ALLOC KEYBD		2-24
ALLOC SCREEN	Assigns the entire screen to a particular module.	address map	ALLOC SCREEN		2-25
ASSIGN KEYBD	Enables keyboard control over any instrument currently writing information to a window on the screen.	ASSIGN KEYBD			2-13
assign window	Activates the assign-window menu.	config display	assign window		2-30
BALL	Activates a rotating 3-D ball on the display that can have its size and speed of rotation changed by the user.	display tests	tumble figures	BALL	2-70
build window	Activates the build-window menu.	config display	build window		2-26
BUILD 2 WINDOWS	Constructs two factory-defined windows on the display.	config display	build window	BUILD 2 WINDOWS	2-27
BUILD 4 WINDOWS	Constructs four factory-defined windows on the display.	config display	build window	BUILD 4 WINDOWS	2-27
CONFID TEST	Activates a display test in which roughly 90% of the operation of the display is checked.	display tests	CONFID TEST		2-69
config display	Activates the config-display menu.	config display			2-25
CUBE	Activates a rotating 3-D cube on the display that can have its size and speed of rotation changed by the user.	display tests	tumble figures	CUBE	2-70
DEFAULT WINDOW	Specifies the default window size (same as created by select instr command).	config display	build window	DEFAULT WINDOW	2-29

**Table 2-1. Softkey Index, Alphabetical Order (continued)**

Key	Description	Path			Page
define hardcpy	Activates the define hardcopy menu	define hardcpy			2-49
DISPLAY ID	Activates ID screen that reports vers of disp op, dsp model #, ROM date, HP-MSIB addr, HP-IB addr, & dot gen relse code.	display tests	DISPLAY ID		2-67
display tests	Activates the display test menu.	display tests			2-67
EXECUTE	Redefines the window to the coordinates specified by the Xmin, Ymin, Xmax, and Ymax commands.	config display	build window	EXECUTE	2-28
EXECUTE	Redefines the assignment of or purges a window that was specified by select window, adjust column, or row commands.	config display	assign window	EXECUTE	2-30
HI RES ON/OFF	Enables/disables high resolution hardcopy on certain printers. Not available for plotter operations.	define hardcpy	EXPAND ON/OFF		2-59
HALF	Activates a rotating 3-D cone on the display that can have its size and speed of rotation changed by the user.	display tests	tumble figures	HALF	2-70
HARDSET HP-IB	Specifies the HP-IB address that the display will have when the system is turned on. Toggles with the softset HP-IB.	config display	HARDSET HP-IB	SOFTSET HP-IB	2-37
HELP	Activates a screen that contains brief descriptions of several config-display/define-hardcopy keys.	config display	HELP		2-70
HELP	Provides three pages of information about the operation of the other top-level keys directly accessible under DISPLAY key.	HELP			2-41
HP-IB	Assigns a single window to the HP-IB address of the display.	config display	assign window	HP-IB	2-30
HP-IB L ONLY	Sets the display to expect the printer or plotter to be in listen-only status on the HP-IB.	define hardcpy	printer is	HP-IB L ONLY	2-51
HP-IB TLK/LSN	Sets the display to expect the printer or plotter to be in talk/listen status at the HP-IB address input by the user.	define hardcpy	printer is	HP-IB TLK/LSN	2-51
HP-MSIB COLUMN	Specifies the printer-is/plotter-is column in the address map.	define hardcpy	printer-is\plotter is	ADJUST COLUMN	2-30

**Table 2-1. Softkey Index, Alphabetical Order (continued)**

Key	Description	Path			Page
HP-MSIB ROW	Specifies the printer-is/plotter-is row in the address map.	define hardcpy	printer- is\plotter is	ADJUST ROW	2-52
INTEN ADJUST	Specifies or changes the intensity of the display.	INTEN ADJUST			2-70
KEY TEST	Tests the mechanical and electrical operation of every front-panel key on the display.	display tests	KEY TEST		2-69
KEYCOPY ON/OFF	Enables or disables printing or plotting of key labels, status box, and display line.	define hardcpy	KEYCOPY ON/OFF		2-56
KNOB TEST	Activates a test pattern and mode that will verify mechanical and electrical operation of the knob.	display test	KNOB TEST		2-68
MORE	Displays the next page of help information.	HELP	MORE		2-70
PLOT	Activates an HPGL plot of the display as specified by the define-hardcopy command.	PLOT			2-49
plotter is	Activates the plotter menu.	define hardcpy	plotter is		2-52
plotter params	Activates the plotter-parameters menu.	define hardcpy	plotter params		2-53
PRINT	Activates a raster-print output of the display as specified by the define-hardcopy command.	PRINT			2-48
printer is	Activates the printer-is menu.	define hardcpy	printer is		2-50
purge window	Activates the purge-window menu.	config display	purge window		2-35
RECALL CONFIG	Reconfigures the display to one of four configurations that were stored by using the save-configuration command.	RECALL CONFIG			2-45
REPORT ERRORS	Displays a report that gives a brief description of any error that has been detected by an element on the HP-MSIB.	REPORT ERRORS			2-62
ROD	Activates a rotating 3-D rod on the display that can have its size and speed of rotation changed by the user	display tests	tumble figures	ROD	2-70
SAVE CONFIG	Saves the complete configuration of the screen windows in one of four non-volatile memory registers.	SAVE CONFIG			2-45

**Table 2-1. Softkey Index, Alphabetical Order (continued)**

Key	Description	Path			Page
SELECT INSTR	Establishes contact between the display and an instrument currently configured in the HP 70000 system.	SELECT INSTR			2-11
SELECT WINDOW	Selects one of up to four separate windows on the display.	config display	build window	SELECT WINDOW	2-27
SELECT WINDOW	Specifies the number of the window that will be assigned or purged when the execute key is pressed.	config display	assign window	SELECT WINDOW	2-30
SET HP-IB	Soft-changes the HP-IB address of an element currently on the HP-IB if that element will permit it.	address map	SET HP-IB		2-19
SHOW CONFIG	Reports windows defined, dimensions of windows, instrument and modules to which windows and keyboard are allocated.	SHOW CONFIG			2-42
SLAB	Activates a rotating 3-D slab on the display that can have its size and speed of rotation changed by the user	display tests	tumble figures	SLAB	2-70
SOFTSET HP-IB	Specifies the HP-IB address that the display will have when the system is turned on. Toggles with hardset HP-IB.	config display	SOFTSET HP-IB	HARDSET HP-IB	2-37
test pattern	Activates test patterns in the display.	display tests	test pattern	#1 - 5	2-70
TUMBLE FIGURES	Activates the tumble-figure menu.	display tests	TUMBLE FIGURES		2-70
Xmax	Specifies the right side of window or plot when building windows/plotting.	config display	build window	Xmax	2-26
Xmin	Specifies the left side of the window or plot when building windows or plotting.	config display	build window	Xmin	2-26
Ymax	Specifies the top side of the window or plot when building windows or plotting.	config display	build window	Ymax	2-26
Ymin	Specifies the bottom side of window or plot when building windows or plotting.	config display	build window	Ymin	2-26

---

## Softkey Functions

### Introduction

This section describes in detail all the keys, including examples. All functions are accessed through keys by pressing the **DISPLAY** key. Note that the HP 70206A also makes functions available on keys. In addition, a brief discussion is included on the addressing of modules on (Hewlett-Packard Interface Bus) HP-IB and (Hewlett-Packard Modular System Interface Bus)HP-MSIB.

**DISPLAY** is a top-level key that allows the user access to the entire menu of display keys. Keys in the display menu enable the user to format and obtain hardcopy output (**PRINT**, **PLOT**, and **define hardcopy**), to configure the display screen into individually assignable windows (**config display**), and to access any of several instruments in the HP 70000 Modular Measurement System quickly (via **SELECT INSTR** and **assign keybd**). Furthermore, system-wide error reporting is available through the display (**REPORT ERRORS**), as well as several display self-test features (under **display tests**). A display preset (**DISPLAY PRESET**) is available that clears the display and gives the screen to the module which last owned the keyboard (if any).

In addition, all addressing on the HP-MSIB can be examined via the **address map** key. The display screen's intensity can be changed (**INTENS ADJUST**), and some brief key descriptions are available under **HELP**.

### Top Level Softkeys

Figure 2-1 is a graphical representation of the keys accessed at various levels under **DISPLAY**. The 14 boxes at the top of Figure 2-2 represent the keys shown in Figure 2-1. This chapter describes the operation of all keys shown in the menu tree diagram.



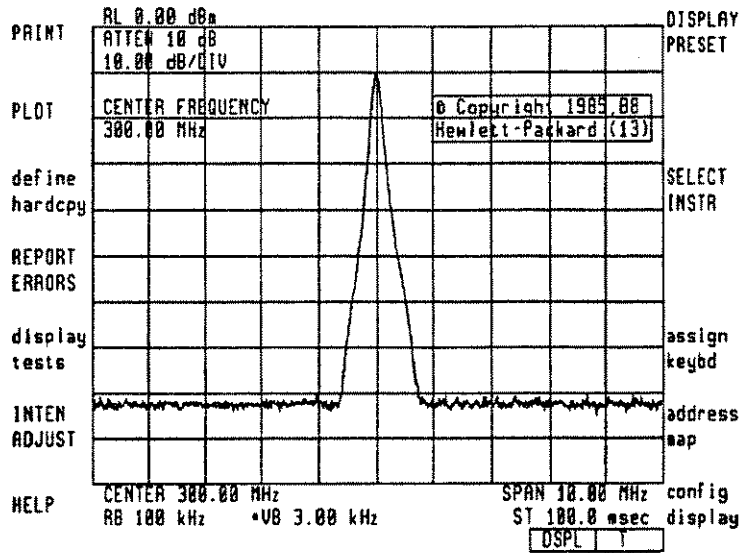


Figure 2-1. Top Level Menu for the **DISPLAY** Key

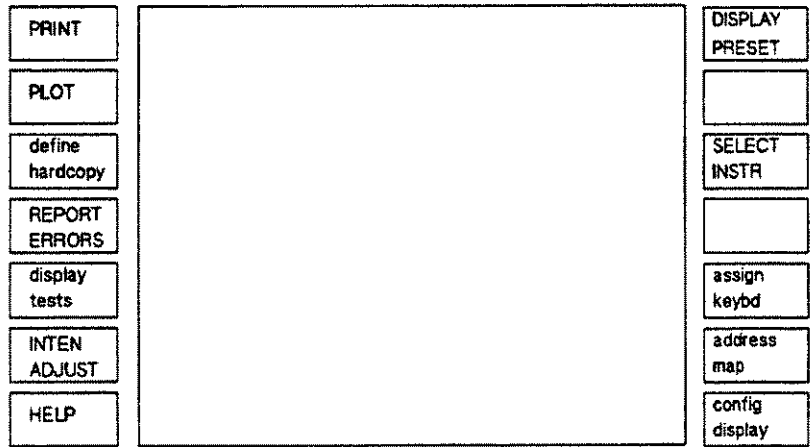


Figure 2-2. Key Menu Tree

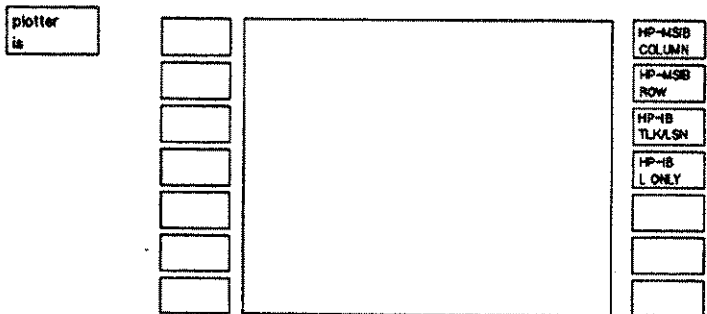
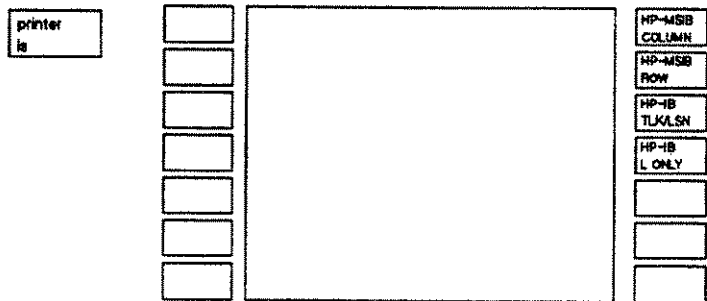
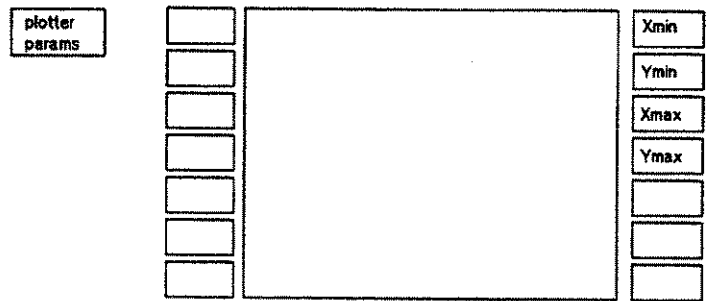
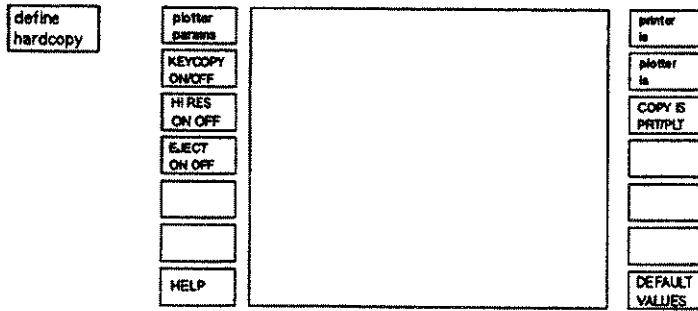
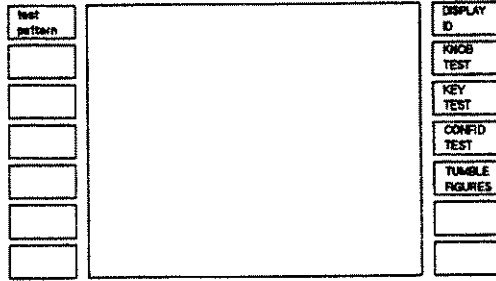


Figure 2-2. Key Menu Tree (continued)

display  
tests



TUMBLE  
FIGURES

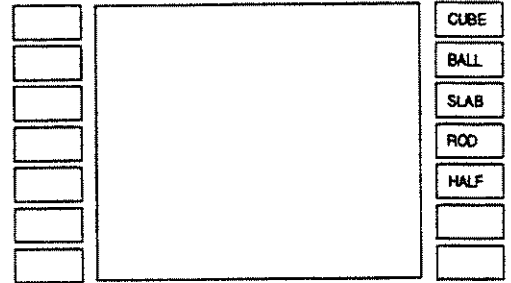


Figure 2-2. Key Menu Tree (continued)

address  
map

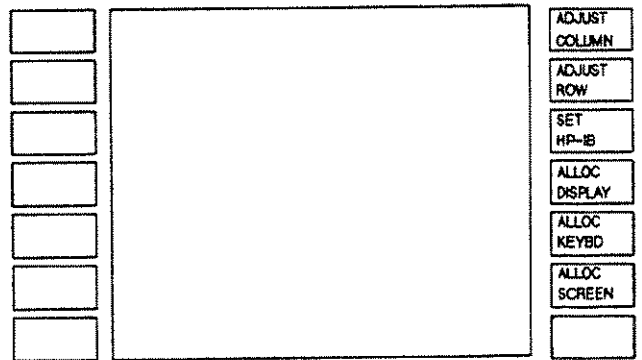


Figure 2-2. Key Menu Tree (continued)

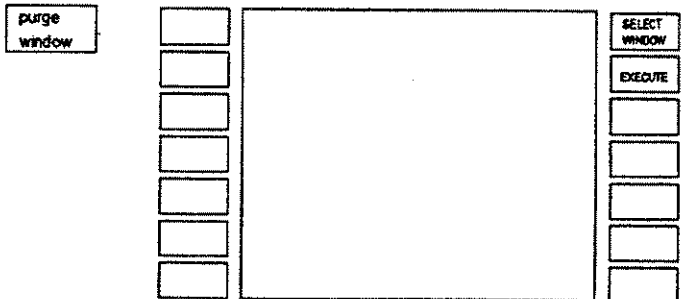
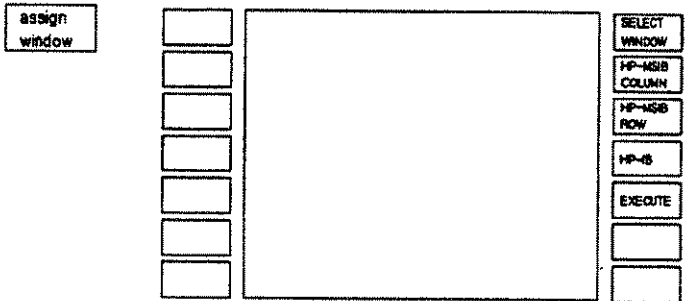
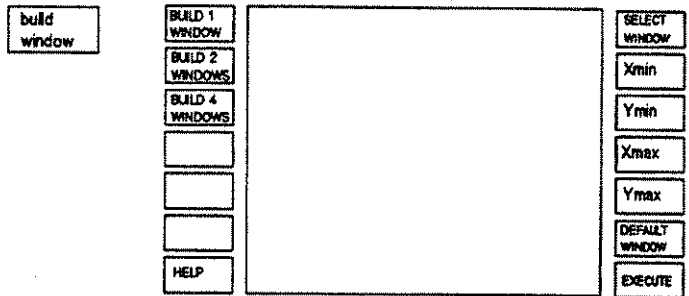
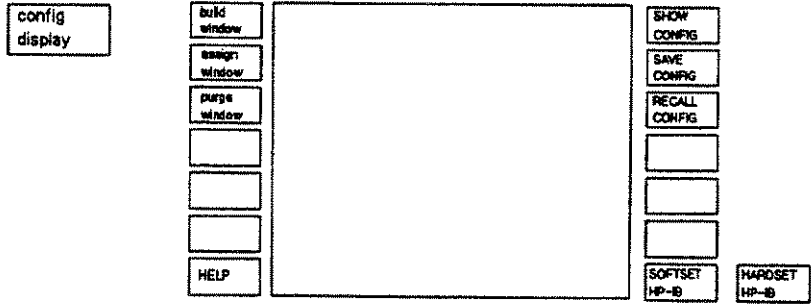


Figure 2-2. Key Menu Tree (continued)

## Display Preset

The **DISPLAY PRESET** key clears the screen, resets all HP-IB and window parameters to an initial state, and assigns the entire screen to the last module to own the keyboard (if none own the keyboard, the screen is left blank). It also resets the hardcopy parameters to their default values. See **define hardcopy**.

## Select Instrument

The display works by establishing links to instruments. For example, in the spectrum analyzer, the display tries to establish a link with the local oscillator. The **SELECT INSTR** key establishes a link between the display and one instrument in the currently configured HP 70000 Modular Measurement System (for example, any of several spectrum analyzers). These links are required for data display and manual control of an instrument, since the display serves as the interface between that instrument and the user.

At power-on, the user is prompted to press **SELECT INSTR**. If, during a previous session, **SELECT INSTR** had been pressed and the screen assigned to an instrument, the display will automatically attempt to reestablish a link to that instrument. In that case, as soon as the link is established, the power-up prompt will go away. In most cases, this will happen so soon after the link is offered that the prompt will flash on the screen and be gone.

To establish (or reestablish) a link to an instrument, press **DISPLAY** and **SELECT INSTR**. If the display does not have a link to an instrument, it will look for the instrument with 0 row address, with the lowest column address on the HP-MSIB and allocate the entire screen and the 14 keys to that instrument. If a link already exists, the display will select the instrument with the next-highest address (for which the sequence goes... 28, 30, 0, 1, 2... ). Then the **↑** (or **SELECT INSTR** again) and **↓** keys can be used to select the instrument with the next highest or next lowest address.

The information displayed depends on the specific instrument selected. Since this key only establishes communication links between the display and the instrument, most instrument settings are unaffected when an instrument is selected. However, any previously defined display windows are erased.

The **SELECT INSTRUMENT** key is useful for establishing initial contact with a single instrument. To preserve existing windows, use the **assign window** key instead, available under **config display**. (These keys are described in detail in the CONFIG display subsection of this chapter.)

**EXAMPLE:** Obtain spectrum analyzer display and keyboard control.

This example describes how the user can quickly obtain a spectrum analyzer display on the screen regardless of the current screen configuration.

It begins by breaking contact with the instrument, then reestablishes contact using the **SELECT INSTR** keys.

1. Press **DISPLAY**.
2. Press **DISPLAY PRESET**.
3. Press **config display**.
4. Press **purge window**.
5. Press **EXECUTE**.
6. Press **DISPLAY**. This should result in a screen similar to Figure 2-3.

PRINT	DISPLAY PRESET
PLOT	
define hardcopy	SELECT INSTR
REPORT ERRORS	
display tests	assign keybd
INTEN ADJUST	address map
HELP	config display

DSPL

**Figure 2-3.**  
**Obtaining Spectrum Analyzer Display and Keyboard Control**

If you press **USER**, even the key labels disappear. No key other than **DISPLAY**, **PRINT**, or **PLOT** will give a response.

**USER** does not call up any keys because an instrument is not currently linked to the display. All keys under **USER** and **MENU** are created by and responded to by an instrument (such as the spectrum analyzer), while all keys under **DISPLAY** are generated by the display itself.

To obtain an instrument display on the screen, press **DISPLAY**, and then **SELECT INSTR**. If using a spectrum analyzer, this should result in a display similar to Figure 2-4. To use the instrument now, simply press **USER** or **MENU** and use the appropriate keys.

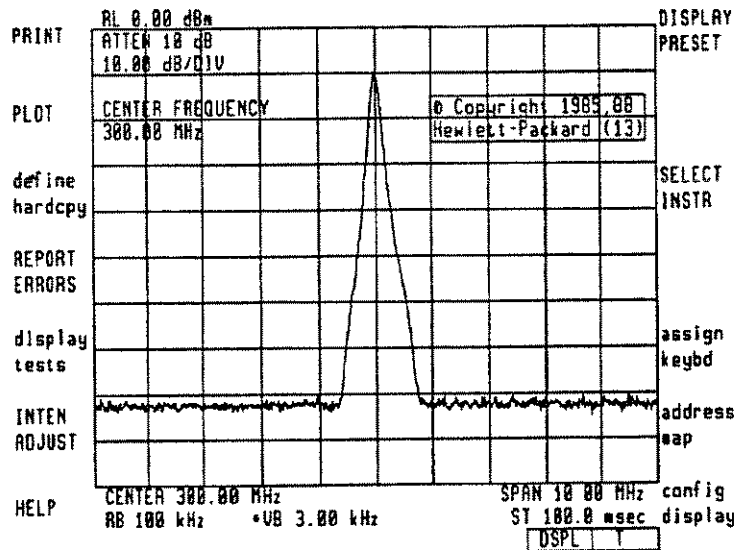


Figure 2-4. Instrument Display

## Assign Keyboard

This key gives the user keyboard control over any instrument currently writing information to a window on the screen.

To use this key, press **DISPLAY** and **assign keybd**, then use the step keys, the display knob, or the numeric keypad to select the window desired (for example, the window written to by the instrument you wish to control). If it is defined, the window corresponding to the number chosen (1 through 4) will be highlighted on the screen. Next press **MENU** or **USER**, and the specified instrument will respond with the appropriate key menu. A communication link between the keyboard and the module is established when the user leaves the **DISPLAY** function (for instance, by pressing **MENU** or **USER**).

EXAMPLE: Build two windows, one atop the other.

Use **assign keybd** to control separate instruments, both simultaneously writing to the display. (If you have already read **assign window** and **BUILD 2 WINDOWS**, and if you have two instruments in your system, try this example. If not, refer to the "Configure Display" section in this chapter.)

1. Press **config display**.
2. Press **build window**.
3. Press **BUILD 2 WINDOWS**.
4. Assign each window to a different instrument in the system, so that the display screen is similar to Figure 2-5.
5. Press **DISPLAY**, **assign keybd**.
6. Use the step keys until the bottom window is highlighted on the screen.

7. Press **MENU** or **USER**.

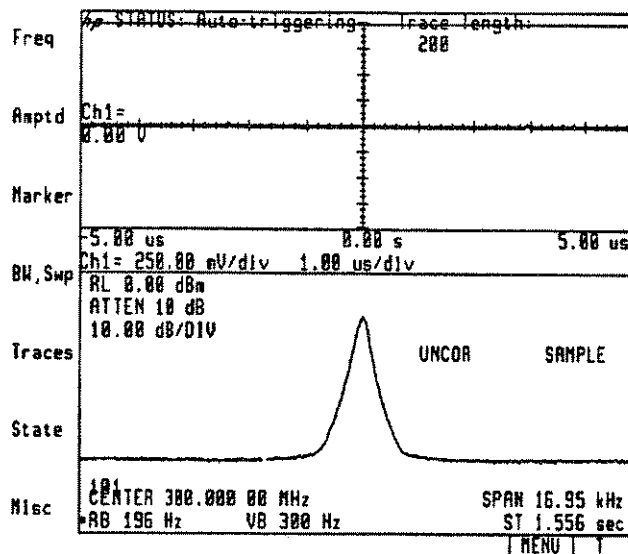


Figure 2-5. Assigning the Keyboard

You now have access to the basic instrument control keys of the instrument writing to the bottom window. In this figure, the user pressed **MENU**, **FREQ**, then **SPAN**. Note that **SPAN** 100 kHz is denoted as the active function.

**assign keybd** and **ALLOC KEYBD** (under **address map**) both link the keyboard with an instrument or module. They differ in the method by which the instrument to be controlled is selected. Both link the keyboard to a module: **assign keybd** by selection of a window in the display, **ALLOC KEYBD** by moving the cursor in the address map.

### Address Map

The **address map** key allows you access to the address map. The address map is a real-time graphical representation of the HP 70000 system elements, modules and graphics displays, that are on HP-MSIB.



7					ADJUST COLUMN
6					ADJUST ROW
5					SET HP-1B
4		70900A RF SECT			ALLOC DISPLAY
3		70903A IF SECT			ALLOC KEYBD
2					ALLOC SCREEN
1		70902A IF SECT			
0		70900A Lo/Clt'r HP-1B 1B			
	17	18	19	20	

COLUMN: 18

DSPL

**Figure 2-6. Typical HP 70000 Address Map Detail**

The operation of individual keys under **address map** is described in the following pages. In this subsection we will briefly discuss the concept of the HP 70000 Modular Measurement System address map, HP-MSIB, and the capabilities accessible via the **address map** key. More information about HP-MSIB is available in the Installation and Verification Manual for your instrument, which is the primary user reference for addressing modules.

HP-MSIB has a two-dimensional addressing scheme. Each system element, such as the HP 70900B Local Oscillator module or the HP 70206A System Graphics Display, has a two-part bus address. The address consists of a row number and a column number (for example, row 0, column 18). This unique address serves as an identifier so that any element can talk with any other element on HP-MSIB, regardless of physical proximity or other bus traffic.

The address map is designed so that each element can be located by its unique address. The row address (first number) specifies the horizontal row of the grid where the element is located, and the column address specifies the vertical column. Rows have numbers 0 through 7 (0 is at the bottom of the screen) and columns are numbered 0 through 31 (0 is at the left edge of the map). The address 0, 31 is not available for use; hence, there are 255 available addresses.

Each modular measuring instrument (composed of several modules) will typically occupy all or part of a single column. The exception to this is multi-column instruments. See the Installation and Verification Manual for your instrument. Note that the display elements (HP 70205A and the larger HP 70206A) are *not* part of any measuring instrument. Each display serves as a general-purpose human-machine interface, providing a screen for the instruments and

keys that enable the user to control the system. Since the displays are not part of any particular instrument, each will occupy its own column in the address map. The display must be located in a column other than the instrument that it is linked to. See the figures below.

7					ADJUST COLUMN
6					ADJUST ROW
5		70985A RF SECT			SET HP-1B
4					ALLOC DISPLAY
3					ALLOC KEYBD
2		70983A IF SECT			ALLOC SCREEN
1		70982A IF SECT			
0		70980A Lo/CtIr HP-1B 10			
	17	18	19	20	

COLUMN

COLUMN: 18

DSPL T A

**Figure 2-7. Addressing Conventions for Individual Elements**

7					ADJUST COLUMN
6					ADJUST ROW
5					SET HP-1B
4					ALLOC DISPLAY
3					ALLOC KEYBD
2					ALLOC SCREEN
1					
0		70206A DISPLAY HP-1B 4			
	3	4	5	6	

COLUMN

COLUMN: 4

DSPL T A

**Figure 2-8. Addressing Conventions for the Display**

HP-MSIB addresses are set only by switches located on each module or display. All elements (modules and HP 70206A displays) have

adjustable column addresses. All elements except the displays have adjustable row addresses. (The displays are confined to row 0.) An appropriate element, when located in row 0, acts as a master to all modules above and to the right of it; this master has control as far as the column of the next master. The master module is able to control another module by ordering it to perform tasks and by controlling the flow of information to and from that module. For example, an error detected in an IF section will be reported to the master module, which will in turn report it to the user via the display. (In a spectrum analyzer, the master module is the local oscillator.)

The modules controlled by a master are referred to as slaves. Slave modules are addressed above the master; that is, slaves have higher row addresses than their master. A measuring instrument such as a spectrum analyzer will typically consist of one master (local oscillator module) and several slaves (IF sections, RF front-end sections, tracking generators, and so on). While a master module must be located in row 0, slave modules can be addressed in any of several rows.

HP-MSIB addresses must be unique. Setting two HP 70000 elements to the same address will create an error and make the HP-MSIB inoperative. If the cursor cannot be moved about within the address map after a module has been readdressed, check to see if two modules have the same row and column address. If so, removal of the modules is required. See the Installation and Verification Manual for your instrument for instructions. If HP-MSIB is inoperative at power-up, all modules will indicate this by blinking their error LED (the display blinks its E annunciator). To test for an inoperative HP-MSIB, cycle power and check the E annunciator.

#### **HP-IB, HP-MSIB, and the Address Map**

Although HP-IB and HP-MSIB are different buses, some elements on HP-MSIB are accessible via HP-IB. Specifically, certain elements that have an the HP-MSIB row address of 0 may be addressed over HP-IB with the proper configuration.

A brief discussion of HP-IB usage with HP 70000 systems will be presented here, but a more detailed coverage is given in the Installation and Verification Manual for your instrument.

Between mainframes (HP 70001A), HP-IB and HP-MSIB are completely separate and are carried on separate cables. HP-IB is a parallel-connected single cable bus; HP-MSIB is a series-connected dual-cable bus. Two HP 70000 Series mainframes are connected to the same HP-IB network only if each is connected to it individually, or if there is an HP-IB cable linking the two. HP 70206A also is connected to the system over separate HP-IB and HP-MSIB cables.

Within a single mainframe, HP-IB and HP-MSIB connections are carried along the backplane bus and are provided at the back of each 1/8-width module slot. A mainframe has exactly one HP-IB port (one connector) and one HP-MSIB port (two connectors: one IN and

one OUT). Hence, all modules in a particular mainframe have access to both HP-IB lines and HP-MSIB lines.

All modules can communicate over HP-MSIB, but, as previously mentioned, only certain modules or elements can talk over HP-IB. Therefore, while every HP 70000 Series element takes up an HP-MSIB address, only the row 0 modules can occupy HP-IB addresses. Among HP 70000 series elements that can use HP-IB are HP 70900B Local Oscillator and HP 70205A and HP 70206A graphics displays.

Each system element that can talk over HP-IB can also be removed from HP-IB by positioning the HP-IB ON/OFF switch in the OFF position (Some modules indicate by this putting a NO in the address map in place of their HP-IB address). On the displays, this switch is readily accessible from the back panel. On the HP 70900B Local Oscillator, the switch is located on the top of the module, along with the other HP-IB and HP-MSIB switches. Changing any of these switches on the local oscillator requires removal of the module from the mainframe. See the Installation and Verification Manual for your instrument for more information.

## Note



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HP-IB address and HP-MSIB address of a system element are not necessarily related.

---

HP-MSIB address is determined solely by the setting of the address switches on the module (refer to the Installation and Verification Manual for your instrument). When applicable, HP-IB address of each module defaults to the HP-MSIB column address. For example, HP-MSIB address 0, 18 has a default HP-IB address of 18. Note, however, that HP-IB address of the local oscillator and of both displays may be set to any valid address using the **SET HP-IB** key, which is available through the **address map** key. See the **SET HP-IB** key description in this chapter for instructions.

### Adjust Column and Adjust Row

The **ADJUST COLUMN** and **ADJUST ROW** keys, available directly under **address map**, allow you to move the cursor (the highlighted box) within the address map.

EXAMPLE: Adjust the column and row.

1. Press **DISPLAY**.
2. Press **address map**.
3. Press **ADJUST COLUMN**.
4. Turn the display knob until the cursor rests on the local oscillator module.
5. Press **ADJUST ROW**.



7					ADJUST COLUMN
6					ADJUST ROW
5					SET HP-IB
4					ALLOC DISPLAY
3					ALLOC KEYBD
2					ALLOC SCREEN
1					
0		70206A DISPLAY HP-IB 4			

3      4      5      6  
COLUMN

HP-IB ADDRESS:

DSPL    T    R

**Figure 2-10. Adjust Column**

5. Press **SET HP-IB**.
6. Press **2**.
7. Press **0**.
8. Press **ENTER**. HP-IB address of the display should immediately change to 20 as in Figure 2-11.

7					ADJUST COLUMN
6					ADJUST ROW
5					SET HP-IB
4					ALLOC DISPLAY
3					ALLOC KEYBD
2					ALLOC SCREEN
1					
0			70206A DISPLAY HP-IB 20		

2      3      4      5  
COLUMN

HP-IB ADDRESS:

DSPL    T    R

**Figure 2-11. Setting HP-IB**

An HP 70000 Series element can show an HP-IB address on the address map even though the element is disabled (by HP-IB switch) and cannot communicate on HP-IB. See HP-MSIB earlier description in this section, or see the Installation and Verification Manual for your instrument. Some modules show that they are disabled by replacing their HP-IB address with the word "NO" in the address map.

HP 70900B Local Oscillator module has the ability to lock its HP-IB address so it will not respond to the **SET HP-IB** key. To do this set the "SW1/MEM" switch on the LO to the "SW1" position. With this switch set to "SW1", HP-IB address of the LO will remain identical to the HP-MSIB column address.

Upon power-up, HP-IB addressing is handled differently by different elements. Displays can be configured to have a power-up HP-IB address of either the HP-MSIB column address or the most recent HP-IB address given to the display with the **SET HP-IB** key. This option (for displays only) is discussed in the **HARDSET/SOFTSET HP-IB** section of this chapter. The local oscillator module, however, always has a power-up HP-IB address identical to its HP-MSIB column address.

### Allocate Display

The key **ALLOC DISPLAY** is used to establish contact between the display and a specific module. **ALLOC DISPLAY** allocates the screen and keys to the module currently highlighted by the cursor in the address map.

EXAMPLE: Allocate the display to a particular instrument.

First, break contact with the spectrum analyzer.

1. Press **DISPLAY**.
2. Press **address map**.
3. Press **ADJUST COLUMN**.
4. Use the display knob to place the cursor on an empty address, as in Figure 2-12. (On the display screen the cursor is the highlighted box.)

7					ADJUST COLUMN
6					ADJUST ROW
5					SET HP-1B
4					ALLOC DISPLAY
3					ALLOC KEYBD
2					ALLOC KEYBD
1					ALLOC KEYBD
0					ALLOC SCREEN
	12	13	14	15	

COLUMN: 13

DSPL | |

Figure 2-12. Allocating the Display to an Instrument

5. Press **ALLOC DISPLAY**.

This breaks all links with the existing instrument and attempts to establish a link between the display and a nonexistent instrument. This results in a blank screen, as in Figure 2-13.

PRINT	DISPLAY PRESET
PLOT	
define hardcpy	SELECT INSTR
REPORT ERRORS	
display tests	assign keybd
INTEN ADJUST	address map
HELP	config display

DSPL | | A

Figure 2-13. Blank Screen

Reestablish contact with the spectrum analyzer.

1. Press **address map**.



2. Press **ADJUST COLUMN**.
3. Turn the knob to position the cursor on the local oscillator module.

				ADJUST COLUMN
				ADJUST ROW
				SET HP-IB
R O W	4		78988A RF SECT	
	3		78983A IF SECT	ALLOC DISPLAY
	2			ALLOC KEYBD
	1		78982A IF SECT	
	0		78988A Lo/Ctrl HP-IB 1B	ALLOC SCREEN
		16	17	18
		COLUMN		19

COLUMN: 18

DSPL | T

**Figure 2-14. Cursor on Local Oscillator Module**

4. Press **ALLOC DISPLAY**.
5. Press **MENU** to see the module's keys.

This should result in a screen similar to that shown in Figure 2-15, depending on the previous settings of the spectrum analyzer being used.

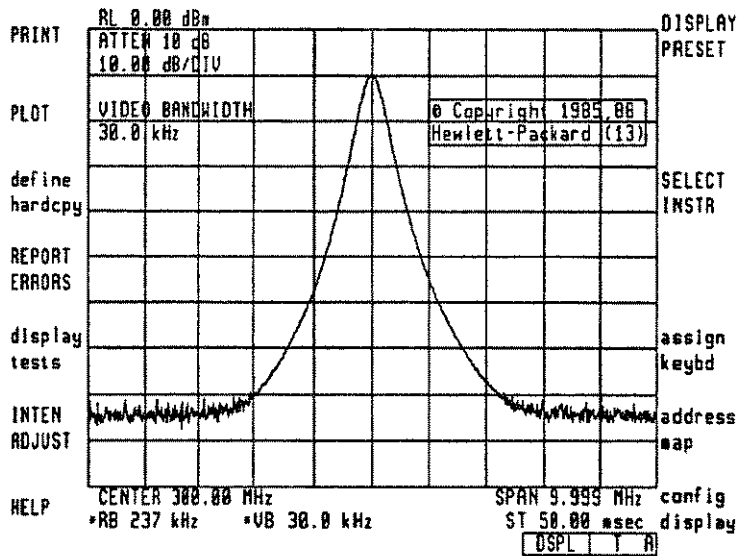


Figure 2-15. Allocated Display

In summary, **ALLOC DISPLAY** establishes contact between the display (the user interface) and an HP 70000 module, but differs from **SELECT INSTR.** **ALLOC DISPLAY**, used in the address map, requires that a particular module (element) be specified. **SELECT INSTR** selects an instrument on its own. Both, however, destroy any links between the display and any other instruments. Both destroy any existing windows in the display.

#### Allocate Keyboard

The **ALLOC KEYBD** key is used to allocate the keyboard to a specific module. The keyboard can then be used to control the instrument settings of a spectrum analyzer, such as center frequency and span.

1. Press **DISPLAY**.
2. Press **address map**.
3. Move the cursor to the module desired.
4. Press **ALLOC KEYBD** and **MENU** to set the module's keys.

The keyboard will be linked to that module.

The keyboard and the screen can be allocated separately. **ALLOC KEYBD** links the keyboard with an instrument, but does not necessarily display any trace data from that instrument. Hence, the keys may not correspond to the instrument display shown.

Only a master module, such as HP 70900B Local Oscillator, can establish a link with the keyboard. Attempts to allocate the keyboard to slave modules will result in an error.

**ALLOC KEYBD** lets the user link the keyboard with any master module by way of the address map. Another key, **assign keyboard**, which is available directly under **DISPLAY**, is generally quicker and easier to use.

### Allocate Screen

The two resources of the display, the keyboard and the screen, can be allocated separately. **ALLOC SCREEN** assigns the whole screen to a particular module, even though the keyboard may be assigned elsewhere. This allows the user to view the trace output from one instrument (on the screen) while controlling a different instrument (with the keyboard).

To use the **ALLOC SCREEN** key:

1. Press **address map**.
2. Move the cursor box to the module or instrument desired.
3. Press **ALLOC SCREEN** and the screen will be immediately allocated to that module. If the module is ready to put out trace information, the information will be immediately displayed.

### Note



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Only master modules can be linked to the display. Therefore, use **ALLOC SCREEN** only for master modules, such as the HP 70900B Local Oscillator module. Attempting to allocate the screen to a slave module will result in an error.

---

### Configure Display

**config display** gives the user access to a submenu of keys that configure the various features of the display. See Figure 2-16. These features and capabilities consist of building windows on the screen, selecting the instruments that may write to those windows, saving and recalling display configurations, and viewing stored and current configurations.

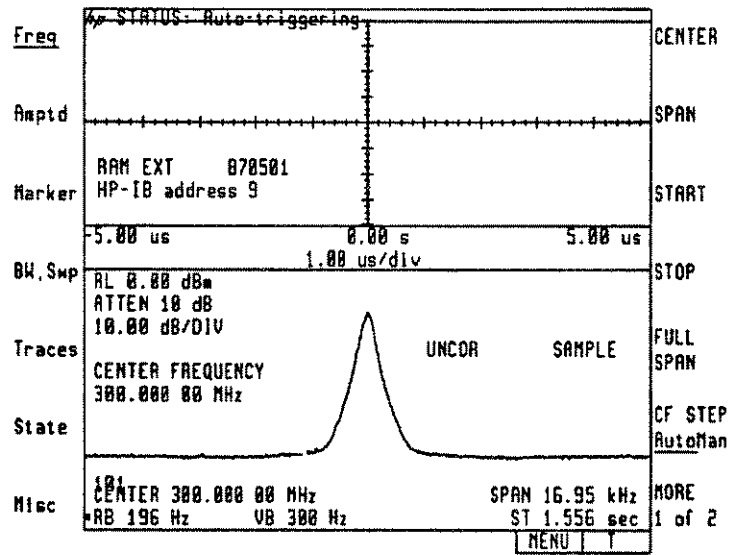


Figure 2-16. Configuring Display

The keys accessed by pressing **config display** include **build window**, **assign window**, **purge window**, **HELP**, **SHOW CONFIG**, **SAVE CONFIG**, **RECALL CONFIG**, and **HARDSET/SOFTSET HP-IB**. The following pages contain descriptions and examples of these keys. A listing and brief description of each follows:

- **build window** allows the user to construct up to four separate windows on the screen.
- **assign window** links windows with modules so that trace information can be displayed.
- **purge window** removes a previously built window.
- **HELP** calls up some brief descriptions of the keys available under **config display**.
- **SHOW CONFIG** displays a summary of the current and stored display screen configurations.
- **SAVE CONFIG**, **RECALL CONFIG** save and recall a screen configuration to or from one of the four screen configuration registers.
- **HARDSET/SOFTSET HP-IB** allows the user to determine the power-up HP-IB address of the display.

### Build Window

The **build window** key allows the user to construct up to four separate windows on the screen. A window is a user-defined portion

of the screen that is set aside for a single instrument to display information.

EXAMPLE: Build two windows.

Note



The BUILD 1 WINDOW, BUILD 2 WINDOWS, and BUILD 4 WINDOWS keys perform a similar function.

1. Press DISPLAY.
2. Press config display.
3. Press build window.

The build window submenu appears with SELECT WINDOW automatically underlined as in Figure 2-17. The underline indicates that this function is active. Select a window, numbered 1 through 4, by using any data entry method (step keys, display knob, numeric keypad, or key). If the key pad is used to enter the window number, the user must press ENTER to finish the entry.

For this example, build window #1.

Note



The window selected, if currently defined, is highlighted.

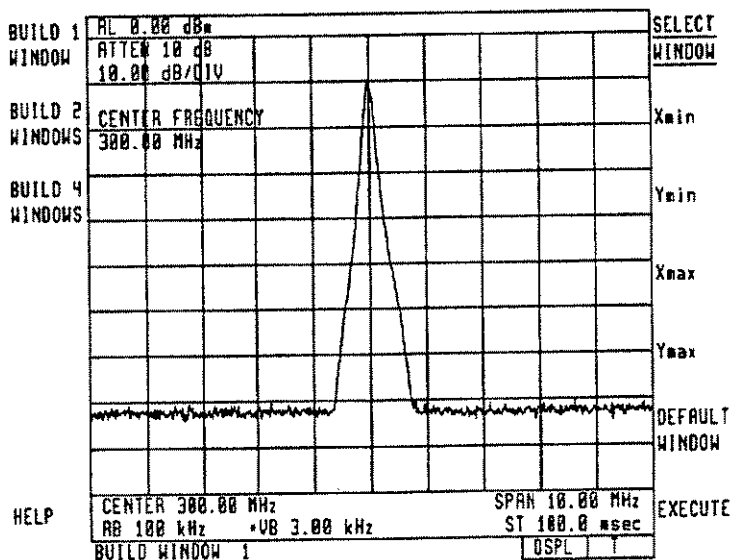


Figure 2-17. Build Window #1

Press Ymax, then turn the knob counterclockwise to bring the top line to a point just below the middle of the screen. At the bottom of the screen a Ymax value will be displayed and will change as

the display knob is turned. Set Ymax to approximately 195. Press **EXECUTE**. Window #1 has now been redefined as in Figure 2-18.

1. Press the **assign window** key.
2. Press the **HP-MSIB** key.
3. Press the **EXECUTE** key.

build window	SHOW CONFIG
assign window	SAVE CONFIG
purge window	RECALL CONFIG

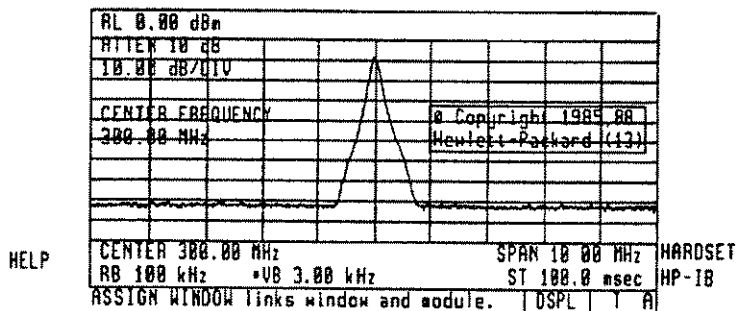


Figure 2-18. Build Window #2

1. Press **build window**.
2. Press **SELECT WINDOW**.
3. Press **1**.
4. Press **ENTER**.
5. Press **Ymin**.
6. Using the display knob, move the bottom line to a position just above the other window (Ymin=205).
7. Press **EXECUTE**.

Two windows are now defined as in Figure 2-19. Each window could be assigned to different instruments if desired. See **assign window** description. See the **purge window** description to remove the windows.

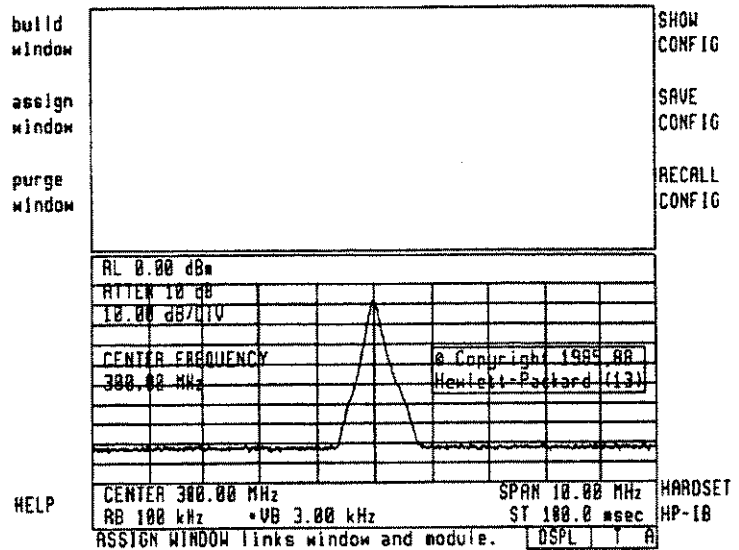


Figure 2-19. Windows #1 (top) and #2 (bottom)

The values of Xmin, Ymin, Xmax, Ymax represent the distances of the lines from the origin. The origin (X = 0, Y = 0) is located at the lower left corner of the screen. The top right corner of the screen is X = 1023, Y = 383. These dimensions are in display units (units of dots on the screen).

The standard-size window, available via DEFAULT WINDOW, has the following dimensions:

- Xmin = 112
- Ymin = 16
- Xmax = 911
- Ymax = 383

The default window is the window which is created by SELECT INSTR, ALLOC DISPLAY, ALLOC SCREEN, DISPLAY PRESET, and BUILD 1 WINDOW.

1. Any window can be changed in size or shape by rebuilding. Up to four windows may be defined and written to simultaneously by different instruments; thus, four different instruments can "talk" to the display simultaneously. The screen annotation usually present with one or two large windows may not appear on smaller windows.
2. The keys BUILD 1 WINDOW, BUILD 2 WINDOWS, and BUILD 4 WINDOWS can be used to construct multiple windows with a single keystroke.
3. The DISPLAY PRESET or SELECT INSTR keys will return the display to a single full-screen window.

## Assign Window

A window on the screen can be written to by any HP-MSIB master module (for example, the HP 70900B Local Oscillator) or by an HP-IB controller. **assign window** lets the user select the instrument that will write to a chosen window. The user can select a module on HP-MSIB by using **HP-MSIB COLUMN**, **HP-MSIB ROW**, and **EXECUTE**. See the following example.

Alternatively, a window may be accessed over HP-IB. To do this, press **assign window**, select the window, then press **HP-IB** and **EXECUTE**. The window will then have HP-IB address of the display. See **address map** to determine HP-IB address of the display. Only one display window at a time can be assigned to HP-IB. HP-IB can also operate without an explicitly defined window, since it automatically receives the default window at power-up (if HP-IB is not assigned a window, one does not show up in **SHOW CONFIG**).

**EXAMPLE:** Build two windows and assigning one to an instrument.

1. Clear the screen of all windows. See **purge window**.
2. Build two windows as in the **build window** example, leaving the screen with two blank, unassigned windows as in Figure 2-20. The lower window should be number 1 and the upper window should be number 2.

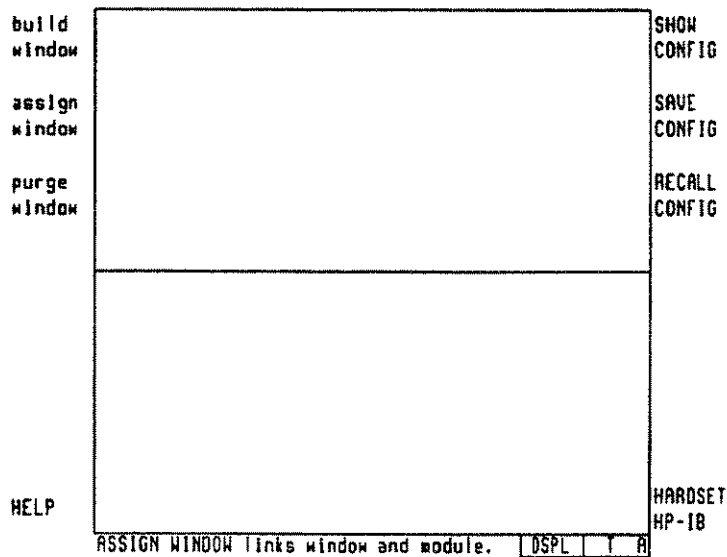


Figure 2-20. Building Two Windows

1. Press **assign window**, **SELECT WINDOW**, **1**, and **ENTER**. The lower window should be highlighted.



- Press **HP-MSIB COLUMN** and turn the knob until the bottom line on the screen shows that an HP 70900B Local Oscillator module has been found, as in Figure 2-21 (the factory default address is 0,18).

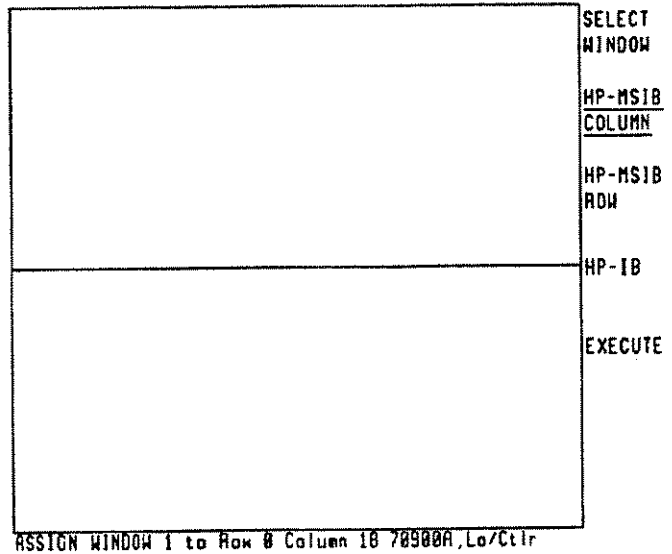


Figure 2-21. Building the First Window

- Press **EXECUTE**. The trace output from that measurement instrument should appear in the window as in Figure 2-22.

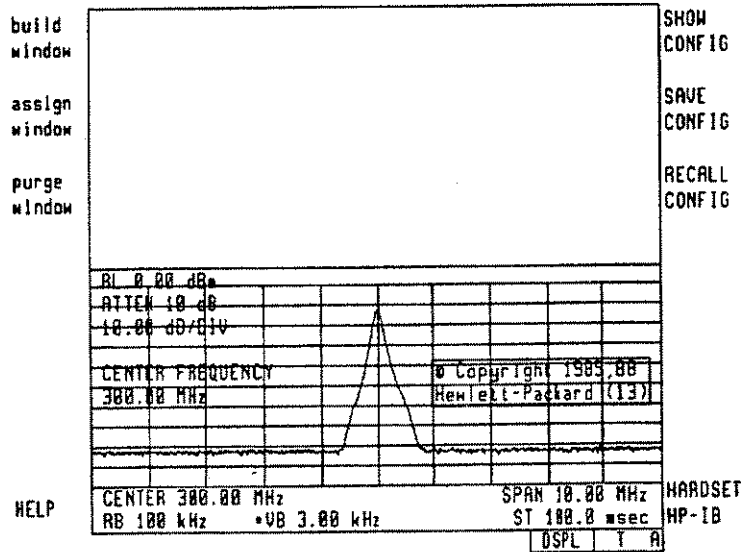


Figure 2-22. Assigning the First Window

The keys appearing now are those of the display.

To access the key menu for control of the measurement instrument, press **MENU** or **USER**.

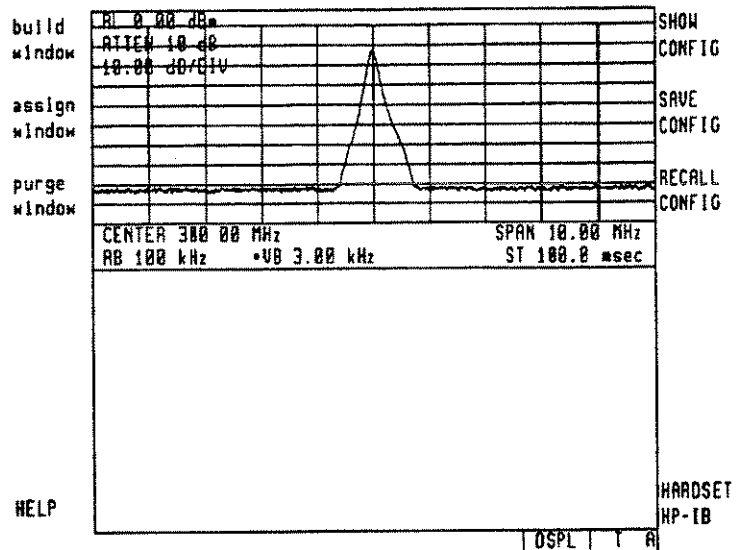
To control a different instrument, use **assign keybd** to link the keys with a master module that has a window. **assign keybd** is available directly under the **DISPLAY** key.

**EXAMPLE:** Assign the other window to an instrument.

If your system contains only one instrument, then the second window can be assigned to it. This will result in the instrument's trace information shifting to the second window, which demonstrates the flexibility of the windowing capabilities. This also demonstrates that an instrument can be reassigned to another window from the front panel without changing any instrument settings or interrupting the sweep sequence. Note that the instrument only writes to one window at a time.

1. Press **assign window**
2. Press **SELECT WINDOW**
3. Use the step keys to select the other window (the window that is presently blank).
4. Press **HP-MSIB COLUMN**.
5. Turn the knob until the HP 70900B Local Oscillator module is indicated at the bottom of the screen.
6. Press **EXECUTE**, and the display should shift to the other window, as in Figure 2-23.

With only one instrument writing to the display, the instrument keys will be immediately available by pressing **USER** or **MENU**



**Figure 2-23. Assigning the Other Window**

**EXAMPLE:** Assign two windows to different measuring instruments.

If your system contains more than one instrument, assign the second window to the second instrument. This will result in each instrument writing to a separate window. The two separate traces need not be restricted to sequential updating, as with a single-instrument display. The traces are both being taken in real time by separate instruments. Only the display element is common.

Start with a two-window, one-instrument display similar to Figure 2-24. See the first example in this section.

1. Press **assign window**.
2. Press **SELECT WINDOW**.
3. Use the step keys to select the window that is defined but not written to.
4. Press **HP-MS1B COLUMN**.
5. Turn the knob until the other instrument is indicated at the bottom of the screen.

On the front panel of each master module (on row 0) is an "ACT," or active, LED light. The two local oscillators can be distinguished by the ACT LED the module indicated by the bottom line on the display screen will light its ACT LED.

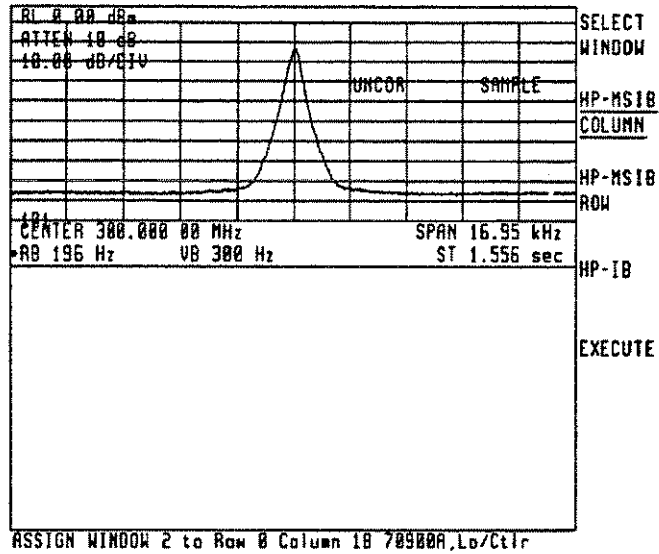


Figure 2-24. Building the Second Window

Once the other instrument has been indicated, press **EXECUTE** and the second instrument's trace information should appear in the other window as in Figure 2-25.

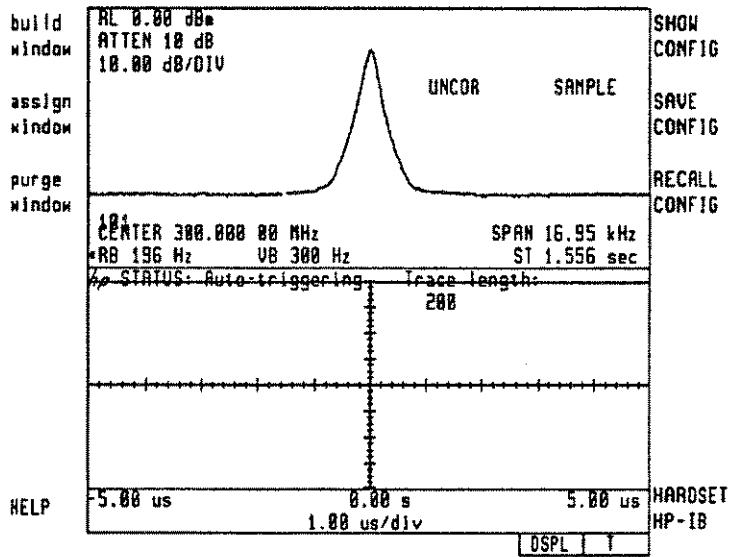


Figure 2-25. Assigning the Second Window

The keys now displayed are those of the display. By pressing **USER** or **MENU**, keys for one of the instruments will be obtained.

To control the other instrument, press **assign keybd**, use step keys to select a window, and press **USER** or **MENU**. See the

**assign keybd** description in this chapter. **assign window** shifts the instrument's output back and forth between windows. **assign window**, however, does not disturb the link between the keyboard and an instrument. Whichever instrument has the keyboard before **assign window** is used will have it afterward.

### Purge Window

**purge window** removes a previously defined window from the screen. Upon pressing **EXECUTE**, the window is destroyed, and any link with an instrument or module is broken. Trace information displayed in the window disappears from the screen, but is not destroyed: it resides in the spectrum analyzer and may be accessed again by assigning a different window to the analyzer. See **build window** and **assign window**.

EXAMPLE: Purge two windows.

Start by building two windows, as in the **build window** example (#1 on the bottom, #2 on the top). Assign window #1 to a spectrum analyzer. The resulting screen should be similar to Figure 2-26.

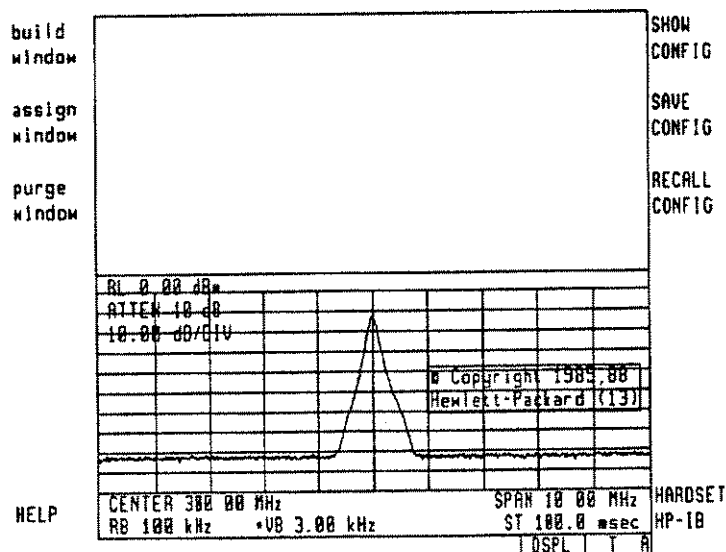


Figure 2-26. Building Two Windows

1. Press **purge window**.
2. Press **SELECT WINDOW**.
3. Use the step keys, knob, or keypad (plus **ENTER**) to select window #1 (the window with the trace displayed).

4. Press **EXECUTE**. The entire window should disappear as in Figure 2-27.

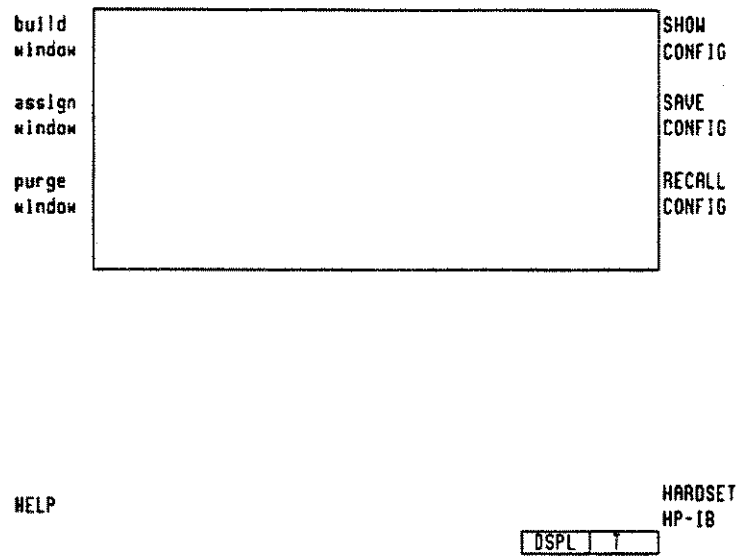


Figure 2-27. Select Window #1

To remove the second window:

1. Press **purge window**.
2. Press **SELECT WINDOW**.
3. Use the step keys to select window #2.
4. Press **EXECUTE** and the remaining window should disappear. See Figure 2-28.

build window	SHOW CONFIG
assign window	SAVE CONFIG
purge window	RECALL CONFIG

HELP

HARDSET  
HP-IB

DISP | T | A

**Figure 2-28. Removing the Second Window**

**Note**



Windows need not be purged and rebuilt in order to change size. An existing window can be modified simply by using **build window**.

**Hardset/Softset HP-IB**

**HARDSET/SOFTSET HP-IB** helps select HP-IB address that the display will have when HP 70000 Series is next turned on. Switch the modes back and forth between HARDSET and SOFTSET by pressing the **HARDSET/SOFTSET HP-IB** key.

**Note**



In the HARDSET mode, the display will power-up with an HP-IB address identical to HP-MSIB address. See the “Address Map” description.

**EXAMPLE:** Demonstration of HARDSET HP-IB action.

Change HP-IB address of the display by using **SET HP-IB**.

**SET HP-IB** is available via the keystroke sequence **DISPLAY** and **address map**. See “Address Map” in this chapter. Make sure that HP-IB address does not match the HP-MSIB address. See Figure 2-29.

7					ADJUST COLUMN
6					ADJUST ROW
5					SET HP-IB
4					ALLOC DISPLAY
3					ALLOC KEYBD
2					ALLOC SCREEN
1					
0		78286A DISPLAY HP-IB 28			

3      4      5      6  
COLUMN

HP-IB ADDRESS: DSPL | T | A

**Figure 2-29. Changing the HP-IB Address**

1. Press DISPLAY.
2. Press config display.
3. Press HARDSET/SOFTSET HP-IB so that the display is left in the HARDSET mode, as in Figure 2-30.

build window	7					SHOW CONFIG
assign window	6					SAVE CONFIG
purge window	5					RECALL CONFIG
	4					
	3					
	2					
	1					
	0		78286A DISPLAY HP-IB 28			

3      4      5      6  
COLUMN

HELP HARDSET  
HP-IB

DSPL | T | A

**Figure 2-30. Hardset HP-IB**



Turn the system off and then on. Look at the display in the address map by pressing **DISPLAY**, **ADDRESS MAP**, and using the knob to move the cursor to the display.

Note that HP-IB address is now the same as the HP-MSIB column address, as in Figure 2-31.

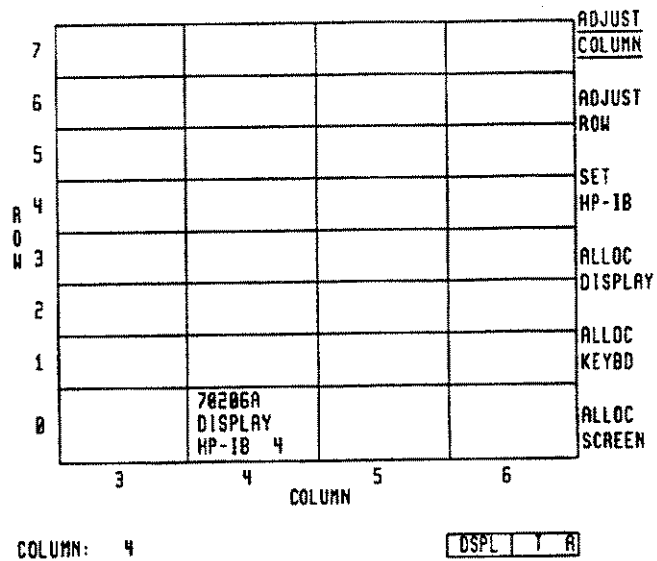


Figure 2-31. Hardset HP-IB Unchanged

**Note**



In the SOFTSET HP-IB mode, HP-IB address of the display, upon power-up, will be the same as it was before the power was turned off. In fact, that address will be retained even if the instrument is disconnected from the power source and transported.

**EXAMPLE:** Demonstrate SOFTSET HP-IB action.

As in the last example, set HP-IB address of the display to something other than its the HP-MSIB row address.

Select SOFTSET mode by pressing **DISPLAY**, **CONFIG display**, and **HARDSET HP-IB**. This will toggle the options back and forth between HARDSET and SOFTSET. Leave the display in the SOFTSET mode, as in Figure 2-32.

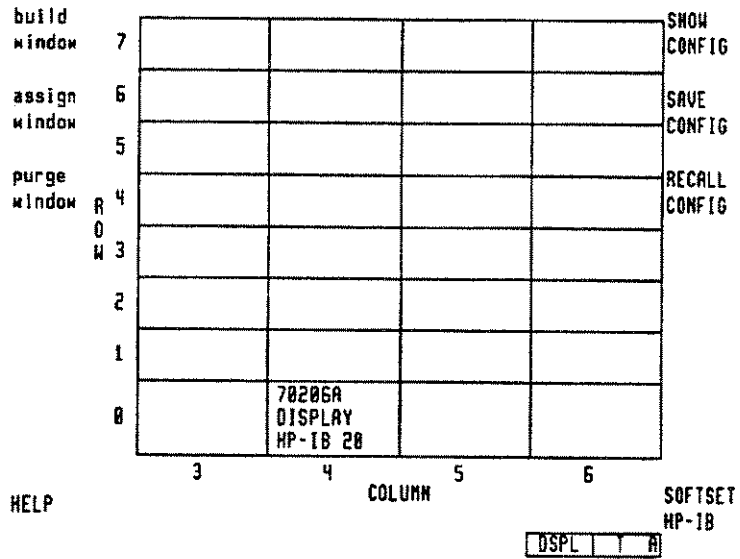


Figure 2-32. Setting Softset HP-IB

Turn the instrument off and then on.

Look at the display in the address map by pressing **DISPLAY**, **address map**, and turning the knob to place the cursor on the display.

Note that HP-IB address is the same as it was before the power was turned off, as in Figure 2-33.

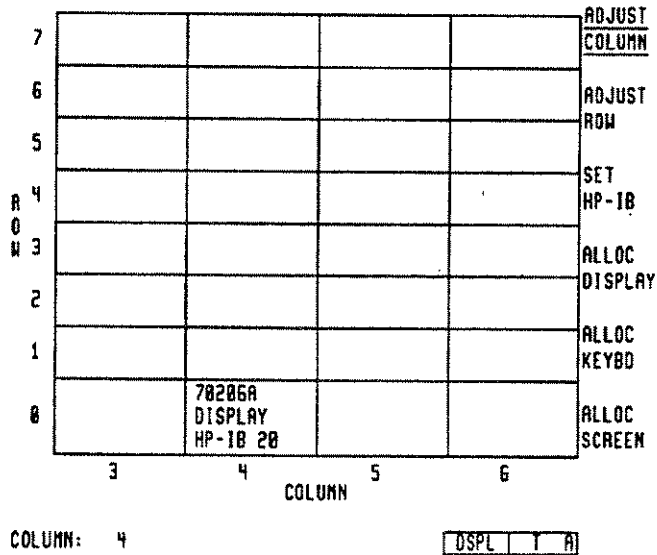


Figure 2-33. HP-IB Address Changes at Power Up

## Note



**HARDSET/SOFTSET HP-IB** affects HP-IB address of the only the display, not the spectrum analyzer master module. Also, this key affects the address only after the instrument has been shut off and then turned on again, and does not keep the user from changing HP-IB address of the display or the local oscillator (by means of the **SET HP-IB** key).

## Help

The **HELP** key brings up a screen that contains brief descriptions of several **config display** keys. See Figures 2-34 and 2-35, below.

```
SHOW CONFIG
Displays a summary of the current Display screen
configuration (4 windows and 1 keyboard). The f/4
keys show each of 4 stored configurations.

SAVE CONFIG, RECALL CONFIG
Saves or recalls a screen configuration to or from
one of the 4 screen configuration registers.

BUILD WINDOW
Defines the screen area (window) available to
a module, or modifies an existing window. Once a
window is built use ASSIGN WINDOW to assign it to
a module.

ASSIGN WINDOW
Links a window to a module. This is necessary for
information to be displayed in that window.

PURGE WINDOW
Destroys a window. The displayed information is
retained in the instrument.

MORE
```

DSPL | T | A

Figure 2-34. **config display** Help Screen, Page #1

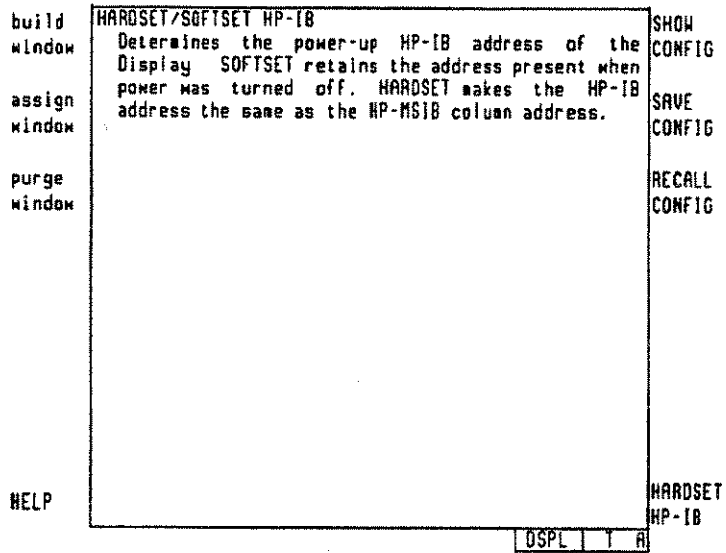


Figure 2-35. config display Help Screen, Page #2

### Show Configuration

The display has six resources that it can allocate or assign to any of several HP 70000 series elements: these resources consist of a screen composed of up to four windows, plus a fifth window reserved for a controller on HP-IB, and one keyboard. The fifth window is “invisible” in that it does not show up in SHOW CONFIG. Press config display, SHOW CONFIG, to show the following:

- Which windows are defined (1 through 4).
- The dimensions of each window.
- The instrument or module each window is allocated to (that is, which module can write to a given window).
- Which module the keyboard is assigned to.

SHOW CONFIG not only brings up the current configuration of the display but also shows four other complete display configurations. These configurations reside in continuous-memory registers, so they will be recalled even if the power had been turned off.

See the sections in this chapter on SAVE CONFIG and RECALL CONFIG for more information.

EXAMPLE: View the current configuration.

1. Press DISPLAY.
2. Press config display.

3. Press **SHOW CONFIG**.

In the figure below, only one window is defined, and it is assigned to an HP 70900B Local Oscillator module at HP-MSIB address 0, 18. The keyboard is also assigned to that module. This is the standard configuration obtained by pressing **SELECT INSTR**.

The window is of standard size; namely, it is 800 pixels wide (911 - 112 + 1) and 368 pixels high (383 - 16 + 1), which leaves room for keys. Windows 2, 3, and 4 are undefined.

```
build CURRENT CONFIGURATION SHOW
window                               CONFIG
assign Keyboard: 70900A,Lo/Ctrl      ( 0, 18) SAVE
window                               Xmin,Ymin: 112, 16 CONFIG
window                               Xmax,Ymax: 911, 383
purge Window 2: undefined           RECALL
window                               Window 3: undefined CONFIG
window                               Window 4: undefined
HELP                                HARDSET
                                HP-18
                                USE ←/→ TO SHOW PREV/NEXT CONFIGURATION | DSPL | T | R
```

Figure 2-36. Show Current Configuration

EXAMPLE: View Configuration Registers 1 through 4.

There are four continuous-memory registers that store display configurations. To view these, perform the following step.

1. Press **DISPLAY**.
2. Press **config display**.
3. Press **SHOW CONFIG** (which will display the current configuration).
4. Press the **↑** key. Configuration Register 1 should appear.
5. Press the **↑** key three more times to view Configuration Registers 2, 3, and 4. See Figure 2-37.

```

build window CONFIGURATION REGISTER 2 SHOW CONFIG
assign window Window 1: undefined SAVE CONFIG
purge window Window 2: undefined RECALL CONFIG
Window 3: undefined
Window 4: undefined
HELP HARDSET HP-18
USE ←/→ TO SHOW PREV/NEXT CONFIGURATION DSPL T R

```

Figure 2-37. Configuration Register #4

If the current configuration or any of the registers contain only undefined (and unassigned) windows, try using **build window** and **assign window** to reconfigure the display. Then use **SAVE CONFIG** to store the new configuration. Observe how the changes are shown on the Current Configuration and Configuration Register screens by using the **SHOW CONFIG** key. If multiple instruments are available on HP-MSIB, try using **assign keybd.**

```

build window CURRENT CONFIGURATION SHOW CONFIG
assign window Window 1 Keyboard: 70900A,Lo/Ctrl ( 0, 18) SAVE CONFIG
purge window Xmin,Ymin: 112, 16 RECALL CONFIG
Xmax,Ymax: 911, 199
Window 2: 70700A,DIGITIZER ( 0, 9)
Xmin,Ymin: 112, 200
Xmax,Ymax: 911, 383
Window 3: undefined
Window 4: undefined
HELP SOFTSET HP-18
USE ←/→ TO SHOW PREV/NEXT CONFIGURATION DSPL T R

```

Figure 2-38. Current Configuration

For example, Configuration Register 1 shown in the above figure describes the layout of the screen shown in Figure 2-39, below. The keys shown are for the analyzer writing to the bottom window (window #1). This can be inferred from "Keyboard" appearing below "Window 1" in Figure 2-38. Users can determine whether window #1 is the bottom window by comparing the Ymin and Ymax values for the two windows. See build window.

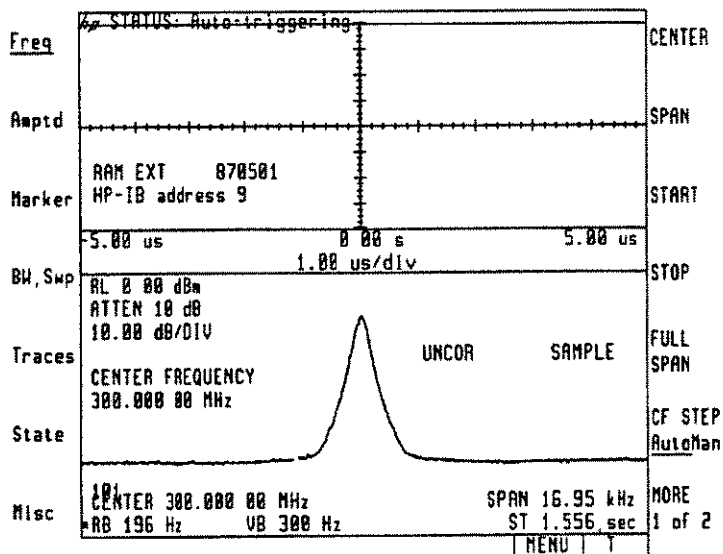


Figure 2-39. Configuration Register #1

### Save Config/Recall Config

SAVE CONFIG stores the complete configuration of the screen windows in a continuous-memory register. Four registers are available, 1 through 4. See SHOW CONFIG.

### Note



The Current Configuration will be retained if the power is turned off, but will be lost if a different configuration is recalled from one of the four registers.

RECALL CONFIG lets the user reconfigure the screen to a previously saved state with only a few keystrokes.

EXAMPLE: Save a screen configuration and recall it.

1. Configure a screen with multiple windows, as in Figure 2-40. See the build window example.
2. Assign an instrument (for example, a spectrum analyzer) to one window. See the assign window section of this chapter.

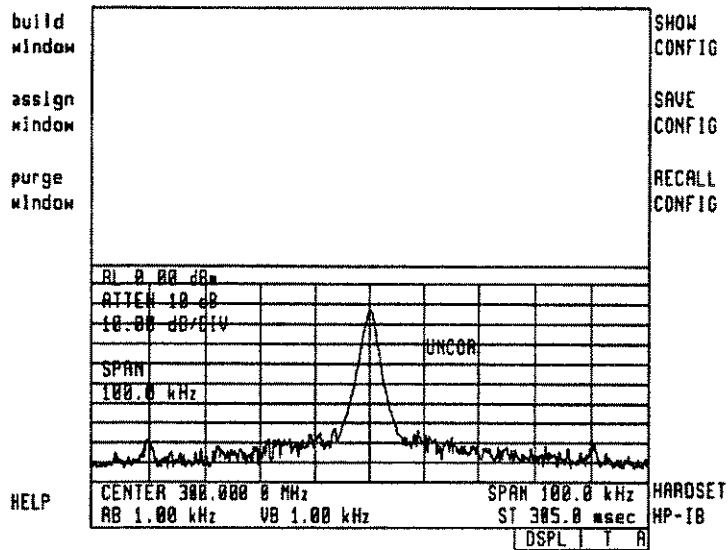


Figure 2-40. Recall Configuration

To save the configuration:

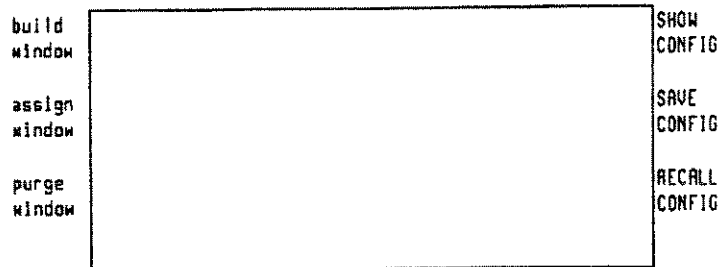
1. Press **DISPLAY**.
2. Press **config display**.
3. Press **SAVE CONFIG**.
4. Press **1**.
5. Press **ENTER**.

To change the current configuration by purging the lower window:

1. Press **config display**.
2. Press **purge window**.
3. Press **1**.
4. Press **ENTER**.
5. Press **EXECUTE**.

The screen should resemble Figure 2-41.





HELP

HARDSET  
HP-18

DSPL 1

**Figure 2-41. Save Configuration**

To recover the original screen:

1. Press **DISPLAY**.
2. Press **config display**.
3. Press **RECALL CONFIG**.
4. Press **1**.
5. Press **ENTER**.

The recovered configuration should look the same as the configuration that was saved.

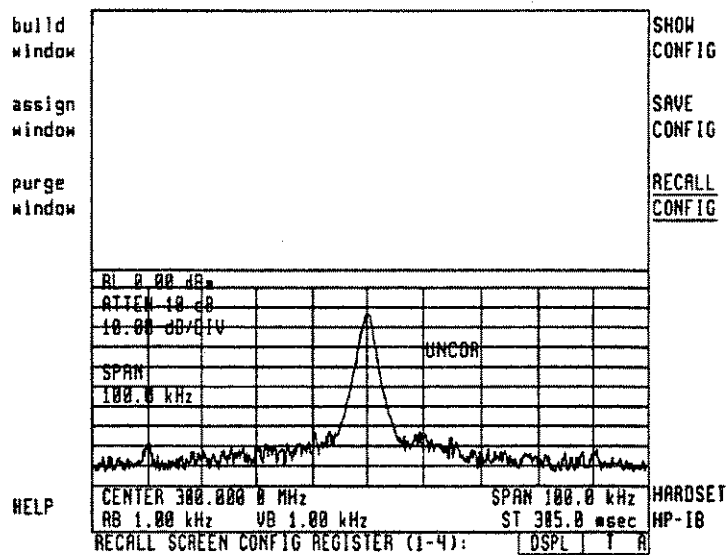


Figure 2-42. Recover the Original Configuration

**Print** The **PRINT** key (or **PRINT** key on HP 70206A System Graphics display) initiates a raster print dump of the screen (and of the instrument's keys if configured to do so).

**EXAMPLE:** Print a copy of the instrument display.

**Note**



To follow this example, you may need to enter the address of your printer into the HP 70000 system and specify whether the keys are to be printed. Refer to the **printer is** and **KEYCOPY ON/OFF** keys in the **define hardcopy** section of this manual.

1. Enter the address of your HP-IB printer via the **printer is** key, available under **define hardcopy**. Select **KEYCOPY ON/ OFF** if desired.
2. Obtain the instrument display you want to print by using the keys in the **USER** menu.
3. Press **DISPLAY**.
4. Press **PRINT** (or the **PRINT** key on HP 70206A System Graphics Display). The printing process will begin immediately. It can be halted by pressing any front-panel key on the display during the print sequence. The screen will be frozen until the data transfer to the printer is complete.

When **PRINT** is pressed, the screen displayed will be printed.

The keys printed if **KEYCOPY ON/ OFF** is selected are the last ones displayed that were associated with the *instrument*, not the display element. Keys available under **DISPLAY** are referred to as "display utility keys" and are not normally shown on hardcopy output.

The raster print dump process works with HP raster-format printers (dot-matrix) that can accept printer dumps of at least 384 lines by 512 points; for example, HP 2673A printer and HP 2225A Thinkjet Printer have this capability. (The **HI RES ON/OFF** function, described in **define hardcpy**, requires capability of 384 lines by 1024 points.) Most of the printers that work with HP 9000 Series 200/300 computers will work with HP 70000 system.

Direct hardcopy output from HP 70000 system without a controller requires a display element, either HP 70205A or HP 70206A.

**Plot** Pressing **PLOT** initiates a vector plot dump over HP-IB to the plotter specified under **define hardcpy**. The operation of this key is almost identical to the operation of **PRINT**, but HP-IB output address of the plotter is set using **plotter is** rather than **printer is**.

Refer to the **PRINT** command for instructions on using this command when a computer is on HP-IB.

**Note**



---

HP 70205A and HP 70206A displays require that the plotter implement HP-GL, Hewlett-Packard Graphics Language. These displays work with plotters such as HP 7470A, HP 7475A, HP 7090A, and HP ColorPro.

---

See the **plotter is** key description to set the plotter parameters, including HP-IB address.

**Define Hardcopy**

The **define hardcpy** key allows the user access to several keys which are used to define parameters for hardcopy output. See Figure 2-43 below. These parameters include:

- **COPY IS PRT/PLT** determines whether the printer or plotter will be the destination when a CY (copy) command is sent.
- **DEFAULT VALUES** sets the standard default values for the printer and plotter:
  - **printer is**: HP-IB TLK/LSN 1
  - **plotter is**: HP-IB TLK/LSN 5
  - **COPY IS PRT/PLT**: PRINTER
  - **HI RES ON/OFF**: OFF
  - **EJECT ON/OFF**: ON
  - **KEYCOPY ON/OFF**: OFF (not shown), between **plotter params** and **HI RES ON/OFF**.

- **plotter params** defines the limits used for plotter dumps when the display cannot ask the plotter what limits to use (for example, listen-only plotters).
- **KEYCOPY ON/OFF**. When ON, the printer and plotter outputs will copy the key labels, title line, and status box. When OFF, these items will be blanked.
- **HI RES ON/OFF**. When ON, the printer is set to high-resolution and all 1024 display points are dumped on each line (dumps normally are 512 points per line).
- **EJECT ON/OFF**. When ON, page ejects are sent at the end of dumps.

**Note**



Older plotters, such as HP 9872B, will show an error when they receive the page eject command. Use **EJECT OFF** to keep this from occurring.

See subsequent key descriptions for further instructions.

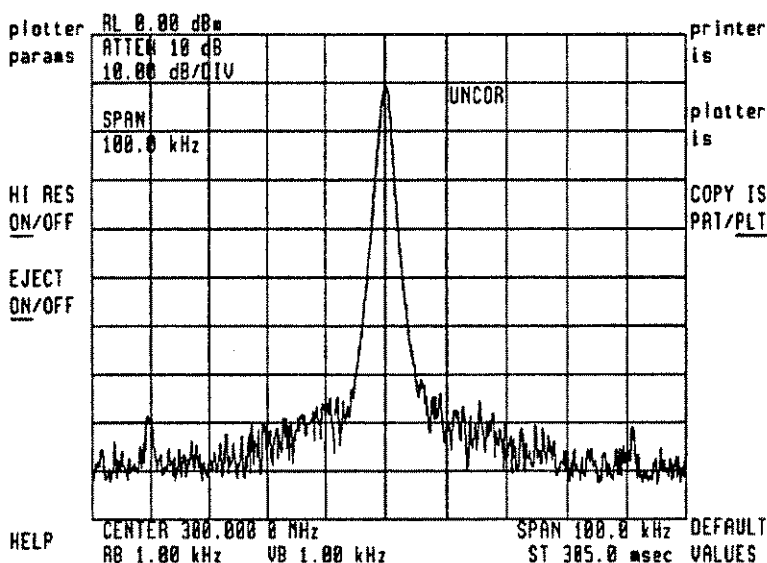


Figure 2-43. Define Hardcopy Menu

**Printer Is**

**printer is** defines HP-IB address and status of the output printer. The printer's address can be entered as:

- **TLK/LSN**, or talk/listen. (For example, TLK/LSN 1 means that the display expects the printer to be in talk/listen status at HP-IB address1.)

- **L ONLY**, or listen only (sometimes called "listen always"). In this mode the printer is expected to be set to listen only on HP-IB. (For instructions, consult the operating documentation for the specific printer to be used.)

EXAMPLE: Set the expected printer address to HP-IB talk/listen 01.

1. Press **DISPLAY**.
2. Press **define hardcopy**.
3. Press **printer is**.
4. Press **HP-IB TLK/LSN**.
5. Enter the address 1 (printers are typically addressed at 01).
6. Press **ENTER**. The address should change immediately, as in the lower-left corner of Figure 2-44.

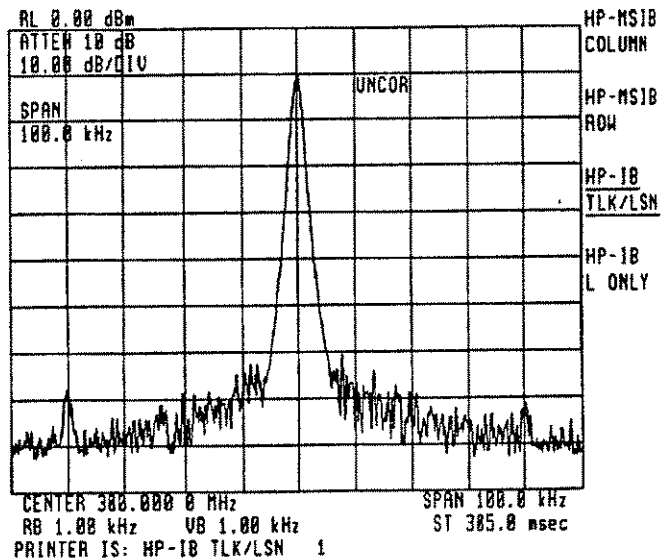


Figure 2-44. HP-IB TLK/LSN

To select listen-only, press the key so that **HP-IB L ONLY** is underlined and **PRINTER IS HP-IB L ONLY** is shown in the lower-left corner as in Figure 2-45.

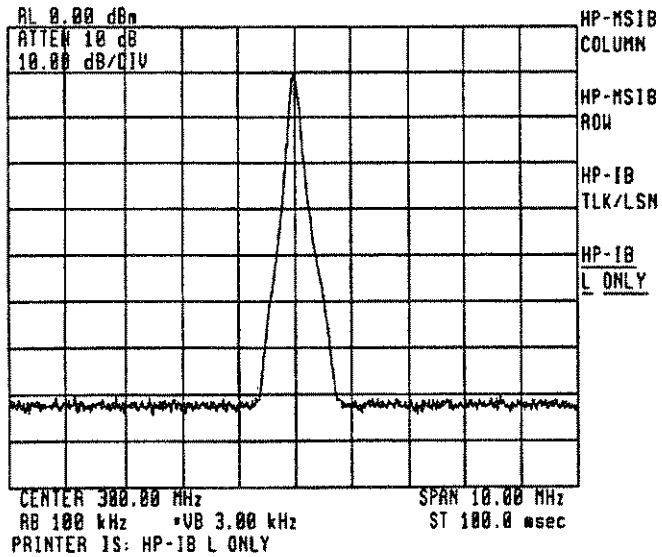


Figure 2-45. HP-IB L ONLY

Switching from **HP-IB L ONLY** back to **HP-IB TLK/LSN** will change HP-IB TLK/LSN address to 1. Check the address before you leave the **printer is** submenu.

**HP-MSIB COLUMN** and **HP-MSIB ROW** are used if an HP-MSIB print device is configured.

For a discussion of printer compatibility, see the **PRINT** key description.

#### Plotter Is

**plotter is** is used to specify HP-IB address of the hardcopy output plotter. The operation of **plotter is** is similar to that of **printer is**. (Plotters, however, usually have an HP-IB address of 5.)

Note that a listen-only plotter cannot tell the display what its corner points (P1, P2) are. With a listen-only plotter, the display will always use the P1, P2 corner points stored under **plotter params** (refer to **plotter params**), overriding the P1, P2 set-up on the plotter.

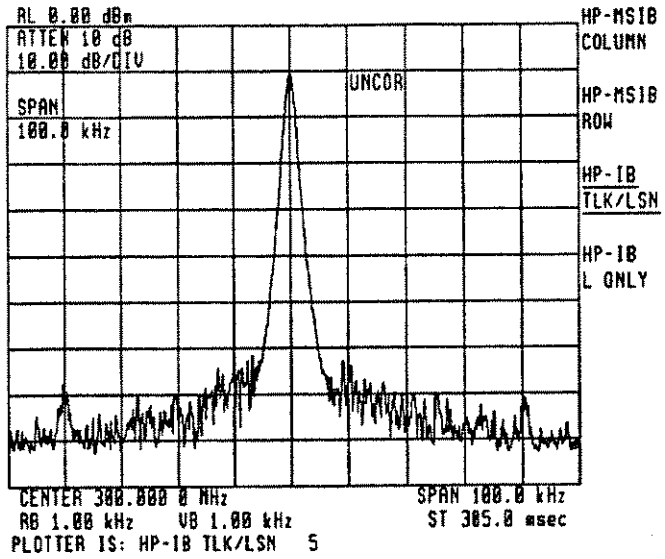


Figure 2-46. Plotter Is

**Note**



For a discussion on plotter compatibility see the **PLOT** key description.

**Plotter Parameters**

**plotter params** is a key that allows the user to alter the physical size of hardcopy output plots to listen-only plotters (or to TLK/LSN plotters if the output is initiated by remote control using the command CY 1).

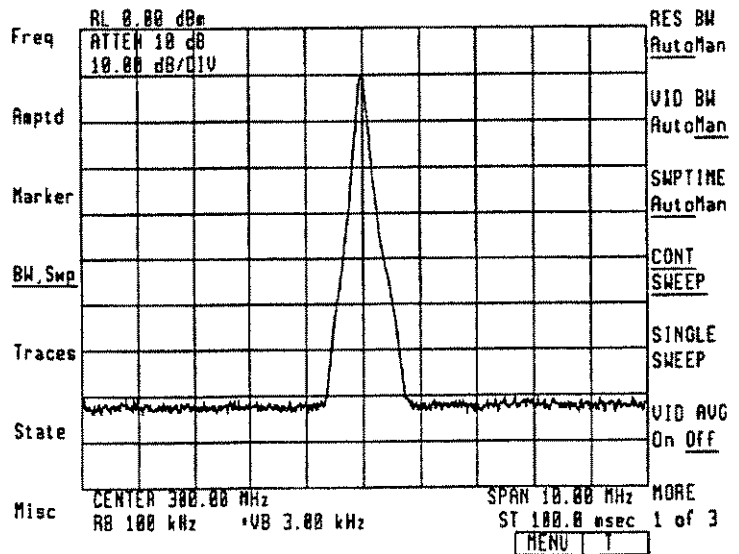


Figure 2-47. Standard Plot

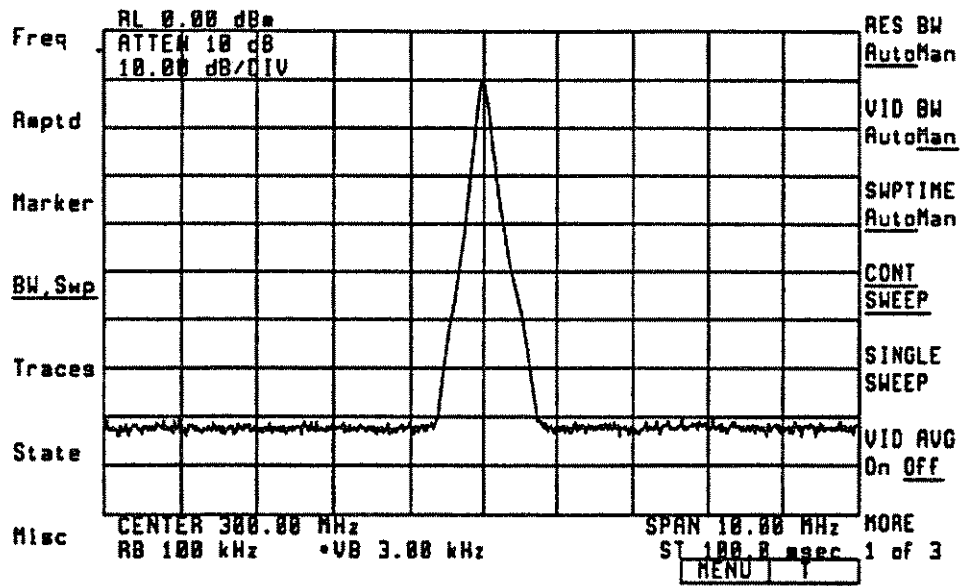


Figure 2-48. Wider Plot

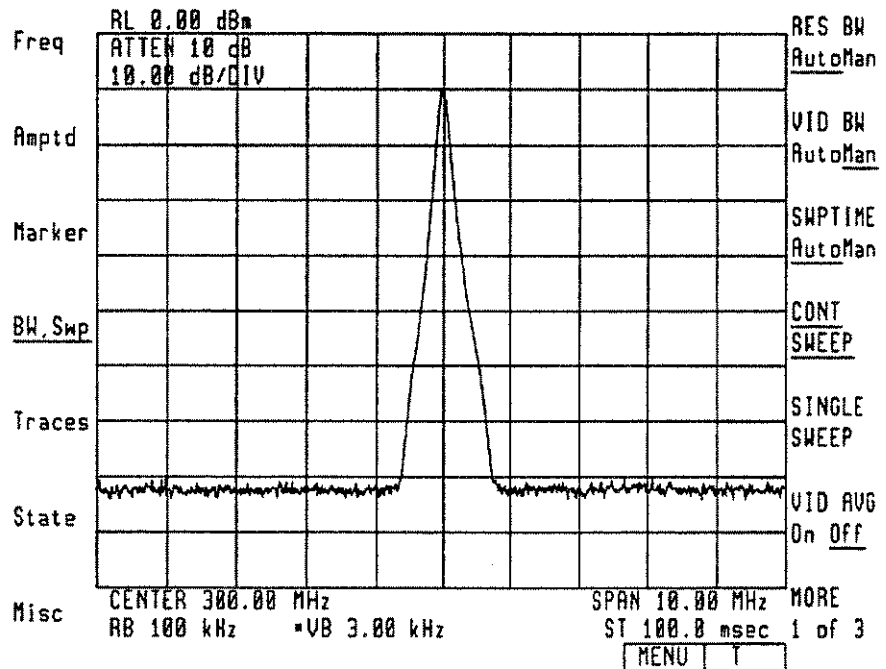
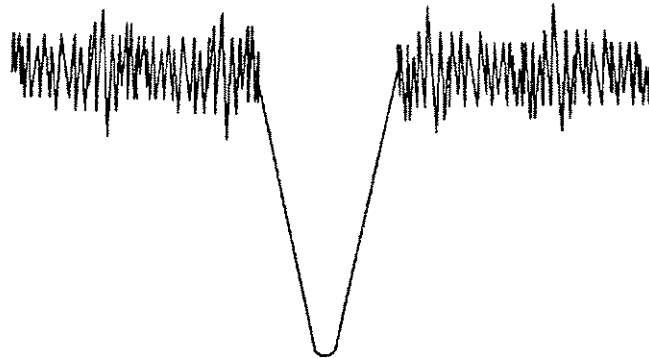


Figure 2-49. Plot Increased in Height





**Figure 2-50. Inverted Plot**

On HP plotters, the physical size and shape of output plots are determined by the locations of the "Scaling Points, P1 and P2." These locations are given in Cartesian coordinates: for example, P1 = 100, 100 and P2 = 10100, 7600. The actual size of these units depends on the specific plotter used. Typical unit size is 0.025 mm, or about 0.001 inch. The units are relative to the lower-left corner of the available plotting surface.

In Figure 2-51, the default plotting area for HP 7475A 6-Pen Graphics Plotter is outlined. P1 is the lower-left corner, P2 is the upper-right corner.

Default Plotter Parameters

(as set by the display)

Xmin=100

Ymin=100

Xmax=10,100

Ymax=7,600

p1

**Figure 2-51.**

**Plotter Parameters as Set by HP 70205A and HP 70206A Displays**

To set plotter parameters to their standard default values, press **DISPLAY**, **define hardcopy**, and **DEFAULT VALUES**. See **DEFAULT VALUES** description in this chapter. Xmin, Xmax, Ymin, and Ymax will be set to the values shown in the figure above (Figure 2-51). These values will allow 0.5-inch margins on 8.5-by-11 inch paper.

The plotter parameters are stored in a continuous-memory register; they will be retained even after the power has been turned off. Turning the system off and then on will not set the plotter parameters to their default values. The default values can only be reset by using the sequence in 1 above, or by pressing **DISPLAY PRESET**.

Instrument Preset **I/P** does not affect the plotter parameters or any other display features.

Plotters may operate differently as a listener (for example, L ONLY) or as a talker/listener (TLK/LSN). Consult the operating instructions for your particular plotter.

**Keycopy On/Off**

**KEYCOPY ON/OFF** enables the spectrum analyzer's key labels, status box, and data line to be copied as part of the hardcopy output to either a printer or plotter.

**EXAMPLE:** Delete keys from an analyzer plot.

1. With **KEYCOPY ON** and a plotter connected to the display via HP-IB, arrange an analyzer screen to be plotted.
2. Press **DISPLAY**.
3. Press **PLOT** on HP 70205A display (or the **PLOT** key on HP 70206A display). An output plot should appear as in Figure 2-52.

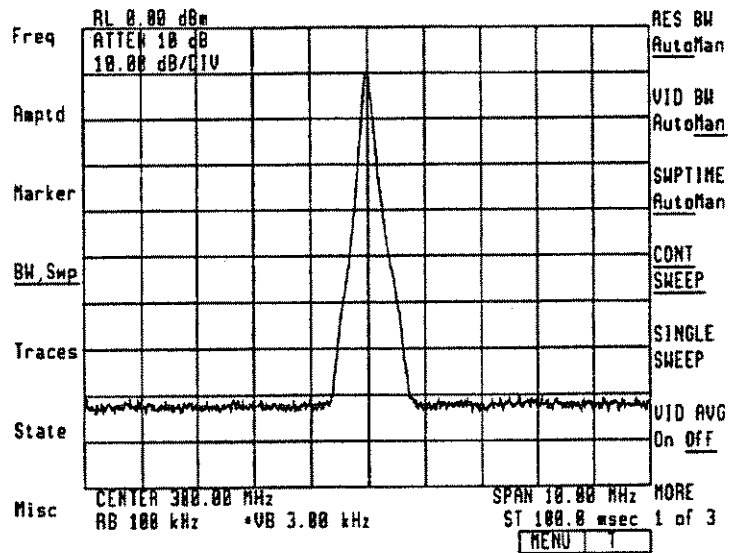


Figure 2-52. Plot Output

To delete the keys from the hardcopy output:

1. Press **DISPLAY**.
2. Press **define hardcpy**.
3. Press **KEYCOPY OFF**.

This should result in KEYCOPY "OFF", indicating that key labels will not be plotted.

4. Press **USER** or **DISPLAY**.
5. Press **SELECT INSTR** and arrange an instrument display for the plot.
6. Press **DISPLAY**.
7. Press **PLOT** (or the **PLOT** key on HP 70206A).

The resulting plotter output, as in Figure 2-53, should contain no key labels.

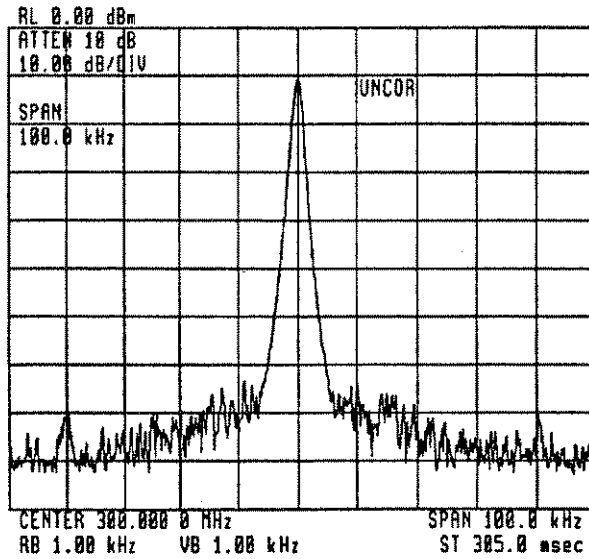
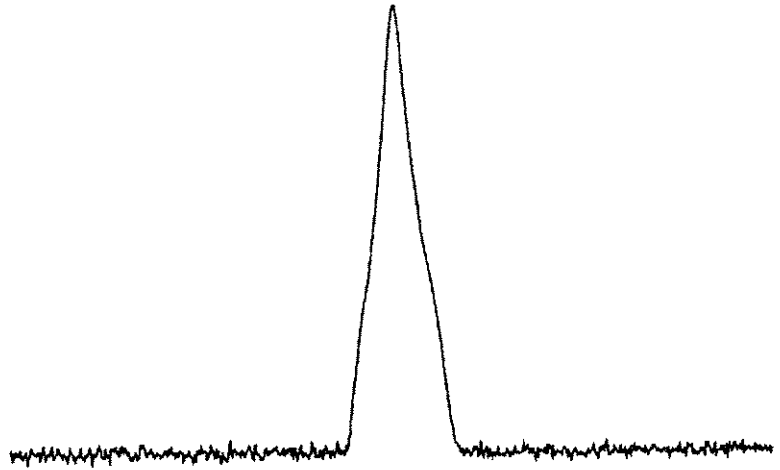


Figure 2-53. No Key Labels

**KEYCOPY** affects key labels only on hardcopy output. It does not remove key labels from the screen except during the output.

Key labels accessible under **DISPLAY** are normally not available for hardcopy output. The key labels that are printed or plotted are the most recent ones displayed by the instrument, or loaded by the ML command.

Annotation other than keys can be deleted also, but this is done by the instrument, not the display. Refer to your instrument's Operation Manual for information.



**Figure 2-54.**  
Instrument output with ANNOT OFF, KEYCOPY OFF, and GRAT  
OFF

### Hi Res On/Off

The HI RES option allows the user to obtain higher resolution printouts on certain printers.

To use the HI RES option, press **HI RES ON/OFF** so that the key appears as **HI RES ON**, then execute a print operation. See **PRINT** key description.

Using the HI RES option in a raster print dump, HP 70205A and HP 70206A displays will put out 384 lines with 1024 points per line.

When the HI RES option is not being used, the displays will output 384 lines of 512 points per line.

The higher resolution obtainable with HI RES is available only on raster PRINT operations. HI RES does not affect PLOT operations.

Although HP 2225A Thinkjet printer can accommodate 1024 lines per line, not all raster printer can. Some printers, like HP 2673A, have a line width of less than 1024 points. *Do not* use **HI RES** with these printers.

When making high-resolution prints with the HP Thinkjet, the printing operation will be slower than usual. This is because the printer must place more dots on each line.

**HI RES** reprograms the printer to hold more dots per line. When done, it leaves the printer in this mode, since it has no way of knowing what mode the printer was in to begin with.

**Note**



**HI RES** does not work with the HP PaintJet printer.

---

**Eject On/Off**

When the **EJECT ON/OFF** key is ON a page is ejected at the end of both plotter and printer outputs.

To use the **EJECT ON/OFF** option press **DISPLAY**, **define hardcopy**, then **EJECT ON/OFF**.

---

**Note**



Many plotters do not implement a page eject feature.

---

**Copy Is Prt/Plt**

**COPY IS PRT/PLT** determines whether the printer or the plotter will be the destination when a CY (copy) command is received.

To use the **COPY IS** press **DISPLAY**, **define hardcopy**, then **COPY IS PRT/PLT**.

**Default Values**

**DEFAULT VALUES** automatically sets the value of several user-definable parameters for hardcopy output. These parameters and their default values are listed in Table 2-2.

**Table 2-2. Default Values**

PRINTER IS:	HP-IB Talk/Listen at address 1.
PLOTTER IS:	HP-IB Talk/Listen at address 5.
COPY IS:	PRINTER
PLOTTER PARAMS:	Plot limits of Xmin, Ymin = 100, 100 Plot limits of Xmax, Ymax = 10100, 7600
HI RES:	OFF
KEYCOPY:	OFF
EJECT:	ON

**Note**



The default plotter limits are those of HP 70470A and HP 7475A plotters. These allow 0.5-inch margins on standard A-size paper (8.5-by-11 inches).

---

## Help

The **HELP** key under **define hardcopy** presents a screen of brief descriptions explaining the functions available with other keys in the **define hardcopy** menu. See Figures 2-55 and 2-56 below.

```
PRINTER IS, PLOTTER IS
  Defines the address of the printer or plotter.

COPY IS
  Determines whether the printer or plotter will be
  the destination when a COPY command is received

DEFAULT VALUES
PRINTER IS:      HP-IB TLK/LSN 1
PLOTTER IS:      HP-IB TLK/LSN 5
COPY IS:         PRINTER
PLOTTER PARAMS: P1 = (100,100)  P2 = (10100,7600)
HI RES:  OFF      EJECT:  ON      KEYCOPY:  OFF

PLOTTER PARAMS
  Defines the limits used for plotter dumps when
  the display cannot ask the plotter what limits to
  use (for example, for listen only plotters).

KEYCOPY ON/OFF: When ON, printer and plotter outputs
  will copy the softkey labels, title line, and
  status box. When OFF, these items will be blanked.

MORE
```

DSPL | T | A

Figure 2-55. Help Screen, Page #1

```
plotter HI RES ON/OFF: When ON, the printer is set to high printer
params  resolution, and all 1024 display points are dumped is
        on each line (dumps normally are 512 points/line).
        EJECT ON/OFF
        When ON, page ejects are sent at the end of dumps.
        plotter
        is
        COPY IS
        PRT/PLT

HI RES
ON/OFF

EJECT
ON/OFF

HELP
```

DEFAULT
VALUES

DSPL | T | A

Figure 2-56. Help Screen, Page #2

## Report Errors

The **REPORT ERRORS** key gives the user a brief description of any error that has been detected by an element on HP-MSIB.

**EXAMPLE:** Detect an illegal command sent by HP-IB.

Begin by causing an error. Do this by connecting a computer or controller to HP 70000 system by HP-IB and sending an illegal command.

Example: OUTPUT 718; "XX"

If the local oscillator (the master module of the spectrum analyzer) has an HP-IB address of 18, it will detect an illegal command. An E will appear in the Status Box at the lower right-hand corner of the screen, as in Figure 2-57. Also, an error message may appear in the upper right-hand portion of the screen.

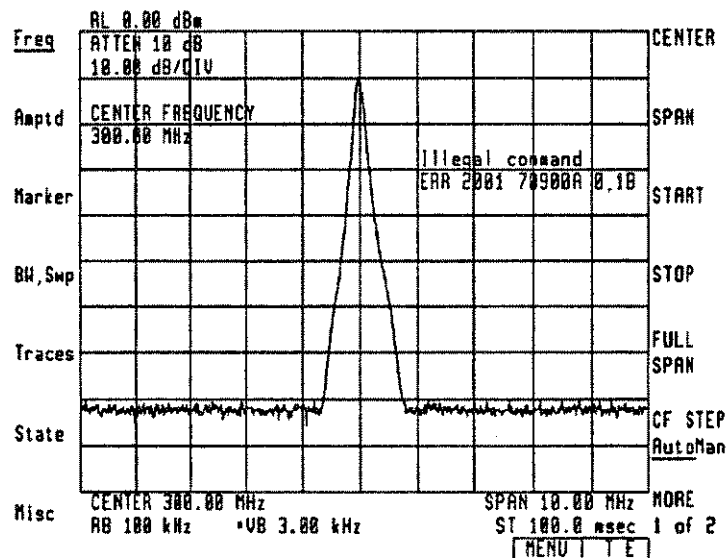


Figure 2-57. Status Box

The user can receive the error report by pressing **DISPLAY**, then **REPORT ERRORS**. A figure similar to Figure 2-58 appears, and provides the following information:

- Which module reported the error (in this case, HP 70900B Local Oscillator module).
- What the HP-MSIB address of that module is (for example, 0, 18).
- An error identification number (for example, 2001).
- A brief description of the error (for example, illegal command).



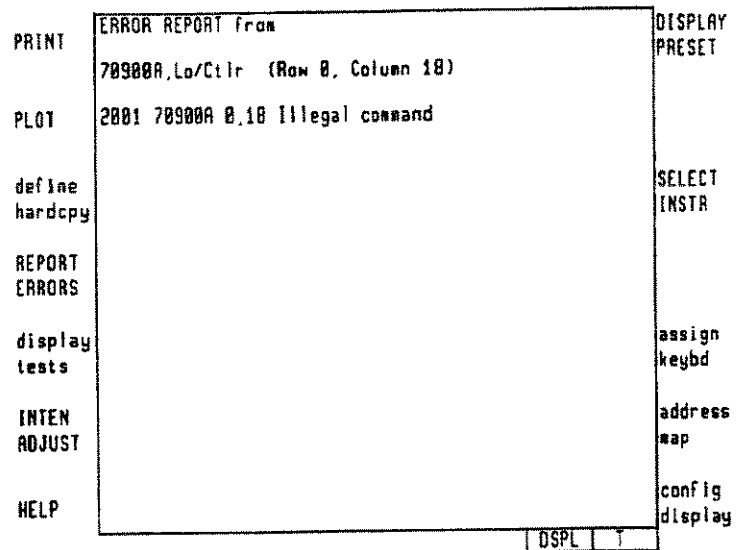


Figure 2-58. Reporting Errors

Most errors reported on HP-MSIB are transient errors such as those caused by illegal commands over HP-IB. These errors, once reported via REPORT ERRORS, are cleared from memory. Hence they cannot be reported or viewed a second time.

Other errors reported can be “hard” errors. These are caused by hardware problems such as unconnected rear-panel cables (see the following example) or the failure of an internal component. These problems can affect operation of the instrument, and cannot be cleared from memory until corrected.

EXAMPLE: Report and correct a hardware error.

If the rear-panel connection (labeled “300 MHz”) between the local oscillator module and the RF section (for example, the HP 70904A) is removed, an error is detected by the RF section and shown on the screen. See Figure 2-59.

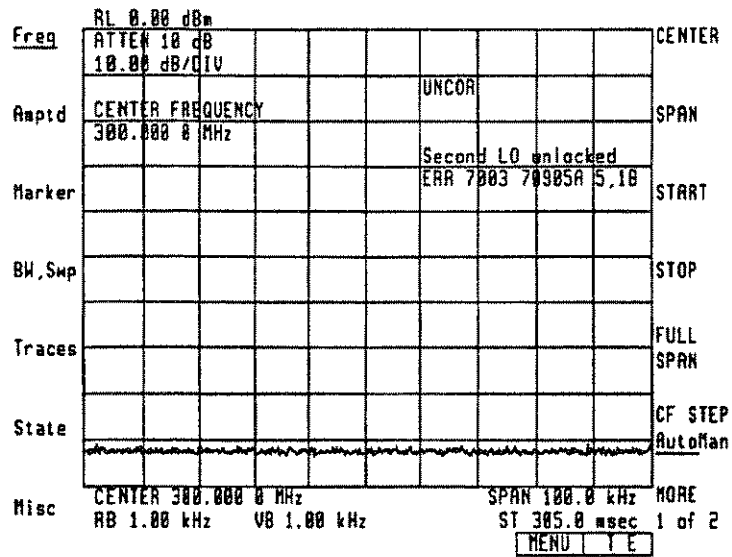


Figure 2-59. Error Screen

If **DISPLAY** and **REPORT ERRORS** are pressed, the error screen is shown but the error is not cleared from memory, as indicated by the presence of the E in the status box. See Figure 2-60.

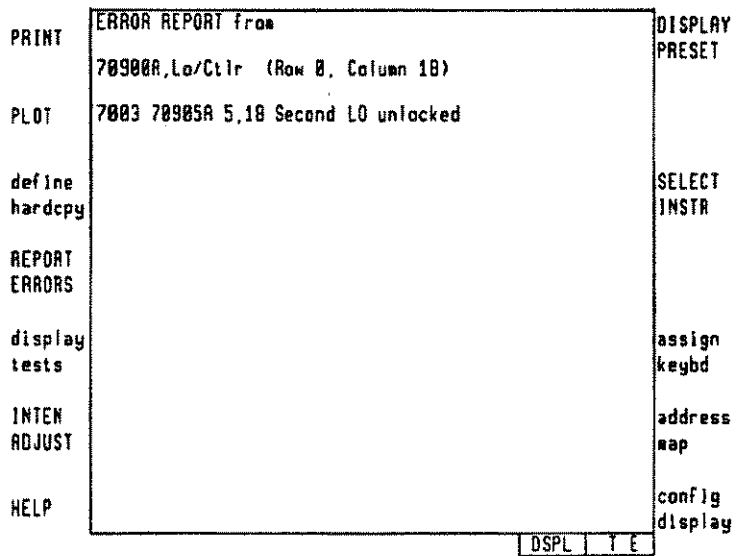


Figure 2-60. Error Not Cleared

Note that even if the hardware-related error is corrected at this point, it must be reported again to clear the system. Thus, press **REPORT ERRORS** to clear the system and remove the E from the status box.

Hardware-related errors must be reported after they have been corrected in order to clear them from memory. This has been done for the following figure.

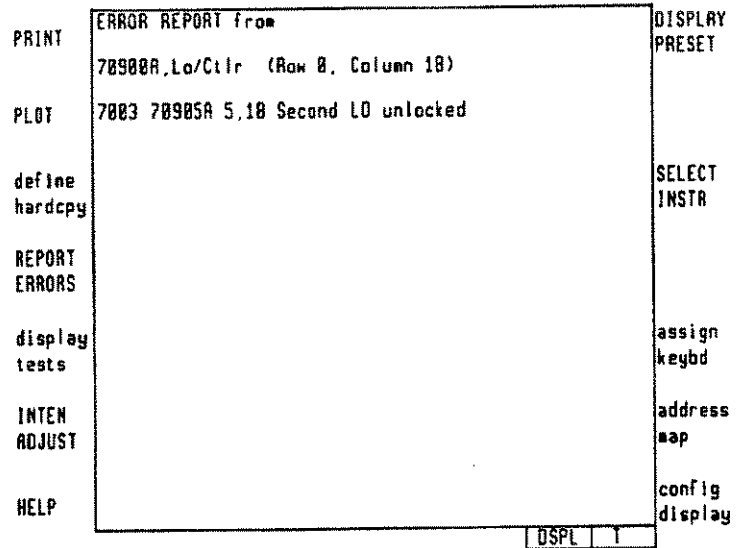


Figure 2-61. Cleared Errors

**EXAMPLE:** Clear error reports from multiple instruments.

If a system contains multiple instruments, each instrument will independently report the errors it detects.

For example, send an illegal command via HP-IB both to the display and the spectrum analyzer via a computer.

OUTPUT 704; "XX"

OUTPUT 718; "XX"

This results in an E in the status box, just as with a single error.

After pressing **DISPLAY** and **REPORT ERRORS**, the error detected by the module with the lowest column address is reported first (and cleared from memory if it is only a transient error).

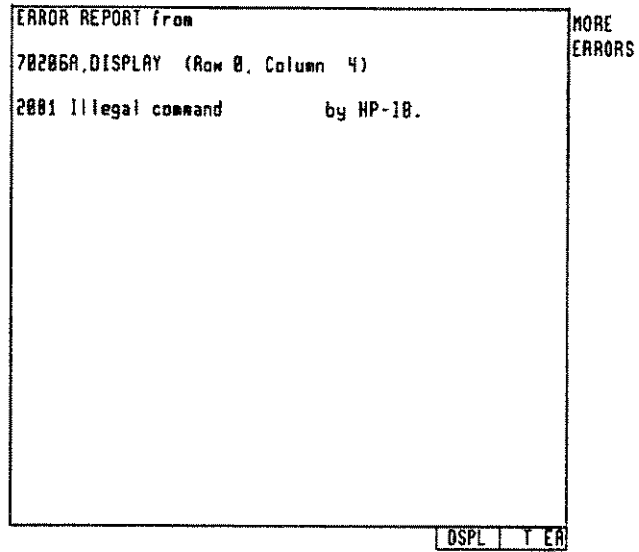


Figure 2-62. Multi-Instrument Errors

Notice that instead of the usual key menu under **DISPLAY**, **MORE ERRORS** appears on the screen and the E remains in the status box. See Figure 2-63. The second error has not been reported yet.

Press **MORE ERRORS**, and the last error is reported (and cleared if it is only a transient error).

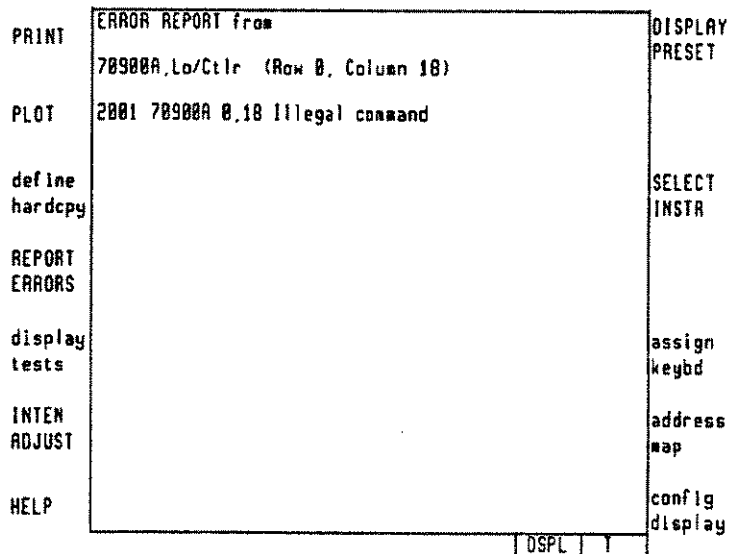


Figure 2-63. Clearing Multi-Instrument Errors



**Note**



This display screen does not provide the ROM version of other modules. For that information, see the appropriate section of the operating instructions for that module. For instance, the local oscillator's ROM version is available by pressing **MENU**, **CONFIG**, and **ROM VERSION**.

**Note**



Both displays can only have a row address of zero. The default address is row 0, column 4 (0,4).

**Note**

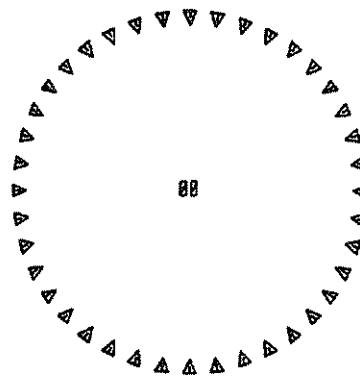


The HP-IB address does not necessarily correspond to the HP-MSIB column address. To change the address of any HP-IB enabled module, see the operating instructions in this chapter for the **SET HP-IB** key, which is available under **address map**.

**Knob Test**

The **KNOB TEST** key brings up a test pattern similar to the one shown in Figure 2-65.

test  
pattern



DISPLAY  
ID

KNOB  
TEST

KEY  
TEST

CONF ID  
TEST

TUMBLE  
FIGURES

DSPL | T | R

**Figure 2-65. Knob Test**

As the knob is turned, the test pattern rotates. This provides a test of the mechanical and electrical operation of the display knob. Note that the step keys will rotate the pattern but the numeric entry keypad will not.

## Key Test

The **KEY TEST** key allows the user to check the mechanical and electrical operation of every front-panel key on the display.

EXAMPLE: Use **KEY TEST**.

1. Press **DISPLAY**.
2. Press **display tests**.
3. Press **KEY TEST**.
4. Press any key on the display's front panel and it will be echoed on the screen if it is working properly.
5. Press the **←** (back space) key to exit this function.

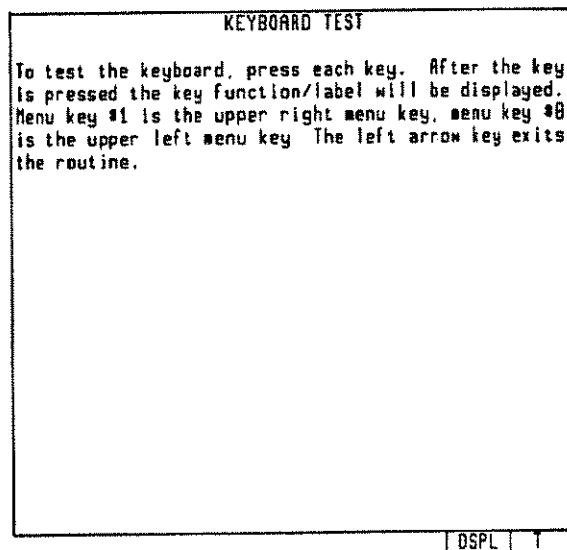


Figure 2-66. Key Test

## Confidence Test

The display Confidence Test, initiated by pressing the **CONFID TEST** key, checks the operation of roughly 90% of the display unit. If no fault is found, 6001 confidence test passed appears in the lower-left corner of the screen. If a fault is found, 6008 confidence test failed is shown. In either case, the character set remains on the display.

If an error is detected, refer to the Installation and Verification Manual for your instrument.

## Note




---

In display ROM Version 5.0 the character set is not left on the screen after the confidence test.

---

## Tumble Figures

**TUMBLE FIGURES** provides a menu of several keys that show rotating three-dimensional figures: **BALL**, **CUBE**, **HALF**, **ROD**, and **SLAB**.

- To change the size of the figures, turn the display knob.
- To change the speed of rotation about the three spatial axes, press three consecutive numeric keys; for example, press "999" for rapid rotation and "000" to halt rotation.
- To exit this function, press the  (back space) key.

## Test Pattern

The key **test pattern** produces five test patterns used in screen alignment procedures. They are selected by pressing **DISPLAY**, **display tests**, **test pattern**, entering a number 1 to 5 on the keypad, then pressing **ENTER**.

### Note



---

In display ROM Version 5.0 there were four test patterns, with a key for each pattern (for example, PATTERN 1).

---

## Intensity Adjust

**INTEN ADJUST** allows the user to change the intensity amplitude of the picture on the screen. Intensity is incrementally adjustable from 0 to 19 in steps of 1.

### Note



---

Zero is not necessarily fully off.

---

When a display is turned on, it will use the most recent intensity adjustment unless it was set to less than 9. In this case the intensity will default to 9.

## Help

The **HELP** key under **DISPLAY** provides two pages of information about the operation of the other top-level keys directly accessible under **DISPLAY**. See Figure 2-67 for the first of the two pages. Press **MORE** for the second page.



<p><b>DISPLAY PRESET</b>  Clears the display and gives the screen to the module which currently owns the keyboard (if any). Restores the DEFINE HARDCOPY menu DEFAULT VALUES.</p> <p><b>SELECT INSTA</b>  Establishes link with an instrument. Displays data and allows the user to control the instrument with softkeys. Use ↑/↓ to select another instrument.</p> <p><b>ASSIGN KEYBD</b>  Changes keyboard control from one instrument to another in a multi-window display. The selected window will be highlighted.</p> <p><b>ADDRESS MAP</b>  Displays a matrix showing all the modules on the HP70000 Modular System Interface Bus (HP-MSIB). It shows the HP-MSIB and HP-IB addresses, allows the user to change a master module HP-IB address.</p>	<p>DSPL</p>
--	-------------

MORE

**Figure 2-67. Display Help, Page #1**



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